The Columbian.

VOL. 33 BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1898. NO. 49

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court convened Monday morning at ten o'clock, with Associate Judges J. T. Fox and J. U. Kurtz on the Bench. President Judge Herring was at Scranton where he is holding court.

List of Constables called and returns taken.

Estate of Hiram R. Kline report and return of order of sale, confirmed nisi.

Estate of Samuel Thomas dec'd. Return of sale confirmed nisi.

Report of Commissioners on change of line between the townships of Jackson and Sugarloaf, in favor of change, confirmed nisi.

Estate of Matilda Mendenhall. Writ in partition. Return confirmed nisi.

In re assigned estate of Jos. B. Eves. Petition of assignee to make private sale. Order granted. Bond in sum of $5500.

Kate Freas appointed Guardian of Lottie and Grace Garrison, minor children of John Garrison, dec'd.

Estate of John Garrison, dec'd. Petition for an allowance by Guardian for Grace and Lottie Garrison, minors, granted.

Estate of Wm. H. Yetter dec'd. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Order of sale granted in estate of Benj. Zeigler, deceased.

Grand Jurors called and all answered except Bruce Keeler, Benton; Clark Kashner, Bloom; John Purcel, Centralia; Wm. Price, Conyngham; P. D. Wesley, Fishingcreek, and John White, of Centralia.

John B. Gruver appointed constable to wait on Grand Jury and B. B. Freas tip staff for rear of court room.

Philip Hirleman appointed Foreman of the Grand Jury.

Estate of Isaac A. Dewitt, dec'd. Report of auditor confirmed nisi.

John White and Wm. Price, Grand Jurors, came in at eleven o'clock and took their places on the jury.

In the matter of the petition of Elizabeth Pealer et al. to satisfy mortgage. Satisfaction to be entered upon payment of costs.

P. D. Wesley excused from duty as a grand juror.

C. S. W. Fox excused from duty as a Traverse juror for first week.

Grand Jury sworn.

At this point, ten minutes past eleven o'clock, Judge Harold McClure, of Union County, arrived and took his place upon the bench as Presiding Judge, and at once charged the Grand Jury. As the cases to be brought before them are of the ordinary kind, he said he did not deem it necessary to go into details, but briefly instructed them as to the taking of evidence and the finding a true bill or ignoring a bill, and disposition of costs, etc.

Estate of ——— Hayman, dec'd. Clem Weiss is appointed auditor.

Road in Hemlock township near I. M. Whitenight's. Order to reviewers continued to next term.

Road in Cleveland township. Order to viewers continued to next term.

Road in Beaver and Main townships. Order to viewers continued to Dec. 12th.

Widow's appraisements, Prothonotary's and Register's accounts confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers against road in Greenwood township near Wm. Davis' barn, confirmed nisi.

The following roads and bridges confirmed nisi.

Road in Fishingcreek twp. near Benj. Hess'.

Road in Bloomsburg from 6th and West streets to Fishingcreek near Boone's dam.

Road in Hemlock near G. W. Fullmer's.

Road in Benton near Ash Bros.

Road in Fishingcreek twp. leading from Benton to Rohrsburg.

Road in Pine twp. near Thomas Coleman's in Fishingcreek twp.

Report of viewers to assess damages in the opening of an alley in Benton borough.

Bridge over race of Kimble & Thomas in Fishingcreek twp.

Bridge over Lick Run in Pine twp.

Order of sale and report in the estate of Isabella Bomboy, confirmed nisi.

Report of Auditor making distribution of fund from Sheriff's sale of real estate of Emma Neyhard, confirmed nisi.

Peter Thomas vs. James M. Williams. Order of Court made discharging lien is amended and the lien of the levy to continue.

W. A. Linden appointed Trustee for George Linden.

Mrs. A. R. Reese vs. Fred Michael, surety of the Peace, case heard by the court and defendant found not guilty, and county to pay costs.

James Earl vs. Chas. Longenberger, surety of the Peace, case dismissed and court directs the Prosecutor to pay the costs.

Report of sale in estate of Parson Edwards, confirmed nisi.

Frances Krebs vs. Elias Krebs, surety of Peace, case heard by the court and dismissed. County to pay the costs.

J. C. Brown, Freas Bauman and J. Elisha Snyder appointed viewers for road in Beaver twp. near Rebecca Hunsinger's.

Geo. Lore vs. Harvey Cox, charge aggravated assault and battery. Not a true bill and the prosecutor Geo. Lore to pay the costs.

Shadrack Cox vs. Geo. Lore. Charge aggravated assault and battery. Not a true bill and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

T. W. Hayes vs. Arthur Nash and James Harvey. Two indictments, one of burglary and robbery, and one of assault and battery. True bills.

Com. vs. Geo. Kessler assault and battery. True bill.

Theo. Mendenhall vs. Jackson Lyons. Larceny. True bill.

A short session of Court was held Monday night beginning at half past eight o'clock, with Judge Herring on the Bench.

Martha Case and Wm. Case vs. D. L. & W. R. R, Co. Motion of Plaintiff's attorneys for continuance to February term 1899 on account of sickness of Plaintiff. Motion overruled and case for trial next week. Motion of Plaintiff's attorneys for continuance on account of new evidence being discovered. Motion overruled.

Petition of viewers to lay out a road in Bloomsburg and Scott twp. from near the Susquehanna river bridge to a point near Funk farm bridge. And now December 5, 1898 on motion of J. B. Robison Esq., counsel for petitioners it appearing that the order to view was not issued and served on the viewers, therefore the order is continued and the same persons, to wit, Peter Knecht, Charles Reighard and Samuel Neyhard are continued as viewers to report at February term.

TUESDAY.

Jackson Lyons plead guilty of larceny, and was sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, fine of $1, restore the goods or pay the full value thereof and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for four months.

John Ashleman vs. Jno. Hoyt. Larceny. True bill.

John Michael vs. John Harris. Fornication. True bill.

The jury in the case against Paul Masty, charge, assault and battery, brought in a verdict of not guilty and the prosecutor and defendant to each pay half the costs.

Weitzel vs. Geo. Kessler, charge of assault and battery. Case called and tried. Inasmuch as the district attorney did not press for a conviction the court direct a verdict of not guilty. The jury then went out to determine who should pay the costs.

John Cain excused from duty as a petit juror.

The larceny case of John Ashleman against John Hoyt was called at half past eleven a. m.

The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case against Geo. Kessler charged wtth assault and battery, and divided the costs, prosecutor and defendant each pay half.

Wm. Bogart vs. J. E. Bolig. Larceny. True bill.

The case of John Ashleman against John Hoyt, charge, larceny of turkeys, occupied the attention of the court nearly all of Tuesday afternoon, and shortly after five o'clock the jury returned a verdict of not quilty.

The attorneys for James Harvey, who is charged with burglary and robbery by Rev. T. W. Hayes at Centralia, made a motion to quash the indictment. Argument heard.

Case continued to February session, 1899.

John Michael vs. John Harris. Defendant pleaded guilty to fornication and sentenced to pay costs of prosecution.

Dallas Bodine, W. B. Snyder and W. H. Eyer appointed re-viewers for road in Cleveland township near Rachael Misner's.

Recognizance of James Harvey and Francis Harvey in $2,000 for appearance of said James Harvey at next term of Court.

The case against J. E. Bolig, the sewing machine agent, charged with breaking and entering with intent, &c., was tried and the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty by direction of the Court.

Sheriff's deeds were acknowledged for properties of Hattie E. Fleckenstine, in Bloomsburg, to Washington N. B. & L. Association, M. G. Hess property, in Jackson, to Ira G. Thomas, and T. M. Dawson property, in Bloomsburg, to E. B. Tustin.

John Harris, of Briarcreek, Payne Masty and John Kubic, of Centralia, Samuel Weitzel, of Ashland, and ——— Kessler, of Ashland, were discharged under the Insolvent laws.

All jurors, with the exception of grand jurors, were discharged Monday at noon from further attendance at this Court.

MIDNIGHT FIRE.

A Blaze on Friday Night Destroys the Novelty Works.

The Bloomsburg Novelty Works was almost totally destroyed by fire on Friday night last. It was about eleven o'clock when the blaze was first discovered in the north east corner of the building. The alarm was hastily sounded, and in a few minutes all three fire companies, the Friendship, Rescue and Winona, were on the scene with their hose carriages, and soon had two good sized streams of water playing on the building. But it had gained such a start before it was discovered, that the water had but little effect.

It was not until after two hours of hard work that the fire was got under control, by which time the greater part of the building, and all the finer machinery were ruined.

The plant was operated by Sam H. Harman, and for some time past has been running until ten o'clock every night, with an increased force of hands. It was well stocked, and with orders to keep it busy for a long time.

The loss will probably reach $35,000 or $40,000, which is partly covered by insurance. James Reichard and L. E. Waller have $12,000 insurance, and Sam H. Harman, $10,500.

The fire, like many of others that have recently occurred in this town, was of mysterious origin. The plant had been working up to about nine o'clock. and at that time everything appeared to be all right.

It was the largest conflagration for some time past and was witnessed by hundreds of people.

Big Fire at Milton.

The extensive nail plant of the F. A. Godcharles Company at Milton was almost destroyed by fire Saturday evening. The fire was discovered shortly after five o'clock, and soon the entire main building was enveloped in flames. The fire company arrived promptly, and by their heroic efforts succeeded in saving some of the auxiliary buildings.

The loss on buildings and stock is estimated at $100,000, on which there is $25,000 insurance.

The milton Nail Works was organized in 1875 by C. A. Godcharles & Company, and was the pioneer mill in this section. It had a capacity of seventy-five thousand kegs of nails a month, and employed over 100 hands.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

The Fourth Quarterly Conference for this conference year will be held in the church on Saturday evening, Dec. 10, at 7:30 o'clock. The Presiding Elder, Rev. W. W. Evans D. D. will preach next Sunday morning, Dec. 11, at 10:30 o'clock. On next Sunday evening, Dec. 11, at 7 o'clock Mr. C. J. Hall will give his closing address on "Home Sweet Home." There will doubtless be a large audience to hear him. The public cordially invited to attend all the services.

Last week's *Clinton County Democrat* has the following to say concerning a new telephone company: "The North and West Branch Telephone Company has been organized with Congressman Monroe H. Kulp as president. The line will run from Williamsport to Montoursville and Montgomery and will connect with Watsontown, Milton, Lewisburg and Sunbury. Operations on the line will begin soon and $100,000 will be expended in its construction. Next Spring the line will be extended to Danville and Bloomsburg."

PROF. COLES' DECEMBER.

A HEAVENLY PANORAMA.

On Tuesday evening, the 27th day of the current month, there will occur in the heavens the most remarkable panorama that the inhabitants of this world have ever witnessed. As the sun goes down behind the hills of the golden West, the moon will rise in its full beauty above the hills of the silvery East; and soon thereafter, old earth will begin to draw a dark veil over the bright shining face of the moon and all nature will be enshrouded in darkness! No scene in fairy legend will approach it in beauty! It will attract more attention, and serious thought, among the hundreds of millions of human beings all over the earth than any other similar occurrence that has perhaps ever before happened on any occasion known to history. And the most remarkable part of this wonderful heavenly panorama is the fact that it will be seen by all the people of the earth on both continents; and that it is the anniversary evening of John the Baptist, of biblical records, the forerunner of Christ: and the third evening after Christmas, which is believed by many to be the anniversary of Christ's birth. This wonderful display of the power and wisdom of our Creator will we believe, be the means of making a complete change in the present theories of science and astronomy; and prove to be the first heavenly panorama or initiatory performance of the millennium!

THE VITAL FORCES EXPLAINED.

The preponderance of High Flood days last month kept the great storms at bay in the New World and sent them broadcast over the antipodes of the Old World, and thousands of people lost their lives in the awful storms and floods that swept in the Orient; for when the High Flood vital forces have the ruling power here, the Low Ebb vital forces that spread destruction and disease wherever they go. This month the vital forces will go up and down like a churn dasher, crossing and recrossing the equatorial line some twelve or thirteen times during the month, giving the Low Ebb vital forces the ruling power in America. So watch out for destructive storms and evil doings. From the 2d to the 9th, from the 12th to the 20th, and from the 25th to the 29th are great danger periods!

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

Turkeys, chickens and all kind of fowls; beef, pork and all kinds of meats intended for the Christmas trade or for home use should be killed on the 20th, 21st, or 24th: and for the New Year's trade, on the 26th, 30th, or 31st: as all the other days are "Low Ebb" days and all flesh killed at "Low Ebb" time is not in proper condition to be eaten by man; and its discoloration caused by quick decomposition destroys its real market value too. The 3rd, 30th and 31st will be the only really good days during the whole month to kill pork and beef for winter use; and to make sauer kraut. The 3rd, 30th and 31st will be the best days to fish and to hunt; and the 21st 22nd and 27th will be the next best days. The 5th, 6th, 7th and 19th will be bad days for all those troubled with heart disease; and it will be well for all such to refrain from laborious exercise on those days.

NEW RECORDS ALL AROUND.

Two meteors are coming earthward at a rapid pace. Another approaching comet can now be sighted just outside of the orbit of Jupiter. Earth is now in the "House of Sickness" and disease epidemics will spring up over the country like magic. The November meteoric shower, that the great astronomers predicted would come on the 14th, is delayed by a "strong head wind!" Earthquake shocks may shock the whole world. A deep sorrow is now over-shadowing America. The airquake that we predicted, came in Italy and tore down a whole town with its terrible concussions. The white wire worms, which we foretold their coming last summer, will attack the wheat crop and destroy thousands of acres this winter and next spring. The race war came, as we predicted, and will continue to grow in hatred until, perhaps the very men who fought for their freedom will fight for their annihilation.

The Al. W. Martin Uncle Toms' Cabin Company, appeared before a tremendous crowd at the Opera House Thursday evening. For the first time in several seasons people were turned away. The performance was first class in every particular. The music part of the show was also very good.

Christmas Gifts.

Useful, sensible, for father, son, brother, grandpa, or sweetheart, and at money saving prices.

Overcoats and Suits, Shoes and Fine Slippers, Mackintoshes, Coats and Mufflers, Handkerchiefs, (Silk or Linen, with or without Initial), **Sweaters, Bicycle Hose, Umbrellas and Canes, Toques and Tams For Children, Rich Neckwear, Grips, Valises, Traveling Bags, Cuff Buttons and Scarf Pins.**

Why pay other dealers a profit when you can buy here now for cost.

Gidding & Co.

CHRISTMAS TALK.

Have you seen our decorations? Folks tell us that there is no store in Northeastern Pennsylvania more tastefully arranged than ours.

We would be glad to have your opinion. You don't have to buy a cent's worth. Just call and make yourselves at home and tell us how we can get your business, whenever you are ready to buy.

We have our first and second floors crowded with

XMAS GOODS,

suitable for all ages and at hard-time prices. Will give list next week. But as a reminder that we are the headquarters for novelties, we ask you to look at Rough Rider Hats for dolls, 24 and 29c. No doll that considers herself well dressed can do without one of these.

Doll Gear,
Not Dear,
This Year,
In Here.

The Leader

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Fourth and Market Streets.

TEXT OF THE MESSAGE

To the Senate and House of Representatives: Notwithstanding the added burdens rendered necessary by the war, our people rejoice in a very satisfactory and steadily increasing degree of prosperity, evidenced by the largest volume of business ever recorded. Manufacture has been productive, agricultural pursuits have yielded abundant returns, labor in all fields of industry is better rewarded, revenue legislation passed by the present Congress has increased the Treasury's receipts to the amount estimated by its authors, the finances of the Government have been successfully administered and its credit advances to the first rank, while its currency has been maintained at the world's highest standard. Military service under a common flag and for a righteous cause has strengthened the national spirit and served to cement more closely than ever the fraternal bonds between every section of the country.

In my last annual message very full consideration was given to the question of the duty of the Government of the United States toward Spain and the Cuban insurrection as being by far the most important problem with which we were then called upon to deal. The considerations then advanced, and the exposition of the views therein expressed, disclosed my sense of the extreme gravity of the situation. Setting aside as logically unfounded or practically inadmissible the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, the recognition of the independence of Cuba, neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants, intervention in favor of one or the other party, and forcible annexation of the island, I concluded it was honestly due to our friendly relations with Spain that she should be given a reasonable chance to realize her expectations of reform to which she had become irrevocably committed. Within a few weeks previously she had announced comprehensive plans which it was confidently asserted would be efficacious to remedy the evils so deeply affecting our own country, so injurious to the true interests of the mother country as well as to those of Cuba, and so repugnant to the universal sentiment of humanity.

The war continued on the old footing without comprehensive plan, developing only the same spasmodic encounters, barren of strategic result, that had marked the course of the earlier ten years' rebellion, as well as the present insurrection from its start. No alternative save physical exhaustion of either combatant, and therewithal the practical ruin of the island, lay in sight, but how far-distant no one could venture to conjecture. At this juncture, on the 15th of February last, occurred the destruction of the battleship Maine while rightfully lying in the harbor of Havana, on a mission of international courtesy and good will—a catastrophe the suspicious nature and horror of which stirred the nation's heart profoundly. It is a striking evidence of the poise and sturdy good sense distinguishing our national character that this shocking blow, falling upon a generous people, already deeply touched by preceding events in Cuba, did not move them to an instant desperate resolve to tolerate no longer the existence of a condition of danger and disorder at our doors that made possible such a deed, by whomsoever wrought. Yet the instinct of justice prevailed and the nation anxious awaited the result of the searching investigation at once set on foot. The finding of the Naval Board of Inquiry established that the origin of the explosion was external by a submarine mine, and only halted through lack of positive testimony to fix the responsibility of its authorship. All these things carried conviction to the most thoughtful even before the finding of the Naval Court that a crisis in our relations with Spain and toward Cuba was at hand. So strong was this belief that it needed but a brief Executive suggestion to the Congress to receive immediate answer to the duty of making instant provision for the positive and perhaps speedily probable emergency of war, and the remarkable, almost unique, spectacle was presented of a unanimous vote of both houses on the 9th of March "appropriating $50,000,000 for the national defense, and for each and every purpose connected therewith—to be expended at the discretion of the President." That this act of prevision came none too soon was disclosed when the application of the fund was undertaken. Our coasts were practically undefended. Our navy needed large provision for increased ammunition and supplies, and even numbers, to cope with any sudden attack from the navy of Spain, which comprised modern vessels of the highest type of continental perfection.

Our army also required enlargement of men and munitions. It is sufficient to say that the outbreak of war, when it did come, found our nation not prepared to meet the conflict. Nor was the apprehension of coming strife confined to our own country. It was felt by the continental powers, which on April 6, through their Ambassadors and Envoys, addressed to the Executive an expression of hope that humanity and moderation might mark the course of this Government and people, and that further negotiations would lead to an agreement which, while securing the maintenance of peace, would afford all necessary guarantees for the re-establishment of order in Cuba. In responding to that representation I said I shared the hope the Envoys had expressed that peace might be preserved in a manner to terminate the chronic condition of disturbance in Cuba, so injurious and menacing to our interests and tranquillity as well as shocking to our sentiments of humanity; and while appreciating the humanitarian and disinterested character of the communication they had made on behalf of the Powers, I stated the confidence of this Government, for its part, that equal appreciation would be shown for its own interest and unselfish endeavors to fulfill a duty to humanity by ending a situation the indefinite prolongation of which had become insufferable. Grieved and disappointed at this barren outcome of my sincere endeavor to reach a practicable solution, I found it my duty to remit the whole question to the Congress. In the message of April 11, 1898, I announced that with this last overture in the direction of immediate peace in Cuba, and its disappointing reception by Spain, the effort of the Executive was brought to an end. In view of all this, the Congress was asked to authorize and empower the President to take measures to secure a full and final termination of hostilities between Spain and the people of Cuba and to secure in the island the establishment of a stable government, capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and tranquillity, and the security of its citizens as well as our own, and for the accomplishment of these ends to use the military and naval forces of the United States as might be necessary; with added authority to continue generous relief to the starving people of Cuba.

The response of Congress, after nine days of earnest discussion, during which the almost unanimous sentiment of your body was developed on every point save as to the expediency of coupling the proposed action with a formal recognition of the republic of Cuba as the true lawful Government of that island—a proposition which failed of adoption—the Congress, after conference, on the 19th of April, by a vote of 42 to 35 in the Senate, and 311 to 6 in the House of Representatives, passed the memorable joint resolution. This resolution was approved by the Executive on the next day, April 20. A copy was at once communicated to the Spanish Minister at this capital, who forthwith announced that his continuance in Washington had thereby become impossible, and asked for his passports, which were given him. He thereupon withdrew from Washington, leaving the protection of Spanish interests in the United States to the French Ambassador and the Austria-Hungarian Minister. Simultaneously with its communication to the Spanish Minister here General Woodford, the American Minister at Madrid, was telegraphed confirmation of the text of the joint resolution and directed to communicate with the Government of Spain, with the formal demand that it at once relinquish its authority and government in the Island of Cuba and withdraw its forces therefrom, coupling this demand with announcement of the intentions of this Government as to the future of the island, in conformity with the fourth clause of the resolution, and giving Spain until noon of April 23 to comply. That demand, although, as above shown, officially made known to the Spanish Envoy here, was not delivered at Madrid.

On April 22 I proclaimed a blockade of the north coast of Cuba, including ports on said coast between Cardenas and Bahia Honda and the port of Cienfuegos in the south coast of Cuba, and on the 23rd inst. I called for volunteers to execute the purpose of the resolution. Due notification of the existence of war as aforesaid was given April 25 by telegraph to all other governments with which the United States maintain relations, in order that their neutrality might be assured during the war. It is not among the least gratifying incidents of the struggle that the obligations of neutrality were impartially discharged by all, often under delicate and difficult circumstances.

Our country thus, after an interval of half a century of peace with all nations, found itself engaged in deadly conflict with a foreign enemy. Every nerve was strained to meet the emergency; the response to the initial call for 125,000 volunteers was instant and complete, as was also the result of the second call of May 25 for 75,000 additional volunteers. The ranks of the regular army were increased to the limit provided by the act of April 26, 1898.

The enlisted force of the navy on the 15th day of August, when it reached its maximum, numbered 24,123 men and apprentices. One hundred and three vessels were added to the navy by purchase, one was presented to the Government, one leased and the four vessels of the International Navigation Company—the St. Paul, St. Louis, New York and Paris—were chartered. In addition to these the revenue cutters and lighthouse tenders were turned over to the Navy Department and became temporarily a part of the auxiliary navy.

The auxiliary navy was created under the authority of Congress and was officered and manned by the naval militia of the several States. This organization patrolled the coast and performed the duty of a second line of defense.

The Signal Corps was promptly organized and performed service of the most difficult and important character. Its operations during the war covered the electrical connection of all coast fortifications, the establishment of telephonic and telegraphic facilities for the camps at Manila, Santiago and in Porto Rico.

The national defense fund of $50,000,000 was expended in large part by the army and navy, and the objects for which it was used are fully shown in the report of the several secretaries. It was a most timely appropriation, enabling the government to strengthen its defenses and make preparations greatly needed in case of war. This fund being inadequate to the requirements of equipment and for the conduct of the war, the patriotism of the Congress provided the means in the war revenue act of June 13 by authorizing a 3 per cent. popular loan not to exceed $400,000,000 and by levying additional imposts and taxes. Of the authorized loan, $200,000,000 were offered and promptly taken, the subscriptions so far exceeding the call as to cover it many times over, while, preference being given to the smaller bids, no single allotment exceeded $5,000. This was a most encouraging and significant result, showing the vast resources of the nation and the determination of the people to uphold their country's honor.

It is not within the province of this message to narrate the history of the extraordinary war that followed the Spanish declaration of April 21, but a brief recital of its more salient features is appropriate. The first encounter of the war in point of date took place April 27, when a detachment of the blockading squadron made a reconnaissance in force at Matanzas, shelled the harbor forts, and demolished several new works in construction.

The next engagement was destined to mark a memorable epoch in maritime warfare. The Pacific fleet, under Commodore George Dewey, had lain for some weeks at Hong Kong. Upon the colonial proclamation of neutrality being issued and the customary twenty-four hours' notice being given it repaired to Mirs Bay, near Hong Kong, whence it proceeded to the Philippine Islands under telegraphed orders to capture or destroy the formidable Spanish fleet then assembled at Manila. Not a life was lost on our ships, the wounded only numbering seven, while not a vessel was materially injured. For this gallant achievement the Congress, upon my recommendation, fitly bestowed upon the actors preferment and substantial reward.

The effect of this remarkable victory upon the spirit of our people and upon the fortunes of the war was instant. A prestige of invincibility thereby attached to our arms, which continued throughout the struggle.

Meanwhile the Spanish naval preparations had been pushed with great vigor. A powerful squadron under Admiral Cervera, which had assembled at the Cape Verde Islands before the outbreak of hostilities, had crossed the ocean, and by its erratic movements in the Caribbean Sea delayed our military plans, while baffling the pursuit of our fleets. Not until Admiral Cervera took refuge in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, about May 19, was it practicable to plan a systematic naval and military attack upon the Antillian possessions of Spain. Several demonstrations occurred on the coasts of Cuba and Porto Rico in preparation for the larger event. On May 13 the North Atlantic squadron shelled San Juan de Porto Rico. On May 30 Commodore Schley's squadron bombarded the forts guarding the mouth of Santiago Harbor. Neither attack had any material result. It was evident that well ordered land operations were indispensable to achieve a decisive advantage. On June 10, under a heavy protecting fire, a landing of 600 marines from the Oregon, Marblehead and Yankee was effected in Guantanamo Bay, where it had been determined to establish a naval station. This important and essential port was taken from the enemy after severe fighting by the marines, who were the first organized force of the United States to land in Cuba.

The position so won was held despite desperate attempts to dislodge our forces. By June 16 additional forces were landed and strongly intrenched. On June 22 the advance of the invading army under Major General Porter landed at Daiquiri, about 15 miles east of Santiago. This army, organized under great difficulties, but with marvelous dispatch. On June 23 the movement against Santiago was begun. On the 24th ult. the first engagement took place, in which the First and Tenth Cavalry and the First United States Volunteer Cavalry, General Young's brigade of General Wheeler's division, participated, losing heavily. By nightfall, however, ground within five miles of Santiago was won. The advantage was steadily increased. On July 1 a severe battle took place, our forces gaining the outworks of Santiago; on the 2d El Caney and San Juan were taken after a desperate charge, and the investment of the city was completed.

The navy operated by shelling the town and the coast forts.

On the day following this brilliant achievement of our land forces the 3d of July occurred the decisive naval combat of the war.

The Spanish fleet, attempting to leave the harbor, was met by the American squadron under command of Commodore Sampson.

In less than three hours all the Spanish ships were destroyed, the two torpedo boats being sunk and the Maria Teresa, Almirante Oquendo, Vizcaya and Cristobal Colon driven ashore. The Spanish Admiral and over 1,300 men were taken prisoners, while the enemy's loss of life was deplorably large, some 600 perishing. On our side but one man was killed, on the Brooklyn, and one man seriously wounded. Although our ships were repeatedly struck not one was seriously injured. Where all so conspicuously distinguished themselves, from the commanders to the gunners and the unnamed heroes in the boiler rooms, each and all contributing toward the achievement of this astounding victory, for which neither ancient nor modern history affords a parallel in the completeness of the event and the marvelous disproportion of casualties, it would be invidious to single out any for especial honor. Deserved promotion has rewarded the more conspicuous actors. The nation's gratitude is due to all of these brave men, who by their skill and devotion in a few short hours crushed the sea power of Spain and wrought a triumph whose decisiveness can scarcely be measured. Nor can we be unmindful of the achievements of our builders, mechanics and artisans for their skill in the construction of our warships. The capitulation of Santiago followed. The city was closely besieged by land, while the entrance of our ships into the harbor cut off all relief on that side. After a truce to allow of the removal of non-combatants protracted negotiations continued from July 3 to July 15, when, under menace of immediate assault, the preliminaries of surrender were agreed upon. On the 17th General Shafter occupied the city. The capitulation embraced the entire eastern end of Cuba.

The individual valor of officers and soldiers was never more strikingly shown than in the several engagements leading to the surrender of Santiago, while the prompt movements and successive victories won instant and universal applause. To those who gained this complete triumph, which established the ascendency of the United States upon land as the fight off Santiago had fixed our supremacy on the seas, the earnest and lasting gratitude of the nation is unsparingly due. Nor should we alone remember the gallantry of the living; the dead claim our tears, and our losses by battle and disease must cloud any exultation in the result and teach us to weigh the awful cost of war, however rightful the cause or signal the victory. With the fall of Santiago, the occupation of Porto Rico became the next strategic necessity. General Miles had previously been assigned to organize the expedition for that purpose. Fortunately he was already at Santiago, where he had arrived on the 11th of July with reinforcements for General Shafter's army. On July 27 he entered Ponce, one of the most important ports in the island, from which he thereafter directed operations for the capture of the island. With the exception of encounters with the enemy at Guyama, Hormagueros, Coamo and Yauco, and an attack on a force landed at Cape San Juan, there was no serious resistance. As a potent influence toward peace the outcome of the Porto Rican expedition was of great consequence, and generous commendation is due to those who participated in it. The last scene of the war was enacted at Manila, its starting place. On Aug. 15, after a brisk assault upon the works by the land forces, in which the squadron assisted, the capital surrendered unconditionally. The casualties were comparatively few. By this the conquest of the Philippine Islands, virtually accomplished when the Spanish capacity for resistance was destroyed by Admiral Dewey's victory of the 1st of May, was formally sealed.

The total casualties in killed and wounded in the army during the war with Spain were: Officers killed, 23; enlisted men killed, 257; total, 280; officers wounded, 113; enlisted men wounded, 1,464; total, 1,577. Of the navy: killed, 17; wounded, 67; died as result of wounds, 1; invalided from service, 6; total, 91.

It will be observed that while our navy was engaged in two great battles and in numerous perilous undertakings in blockade and bombardment, and more than 50,000 of our troops were transported to distant lands and were engaged in assault and siege and battle, and many skirmishes in unfamiliar territory, we lost in both arms of the service a total of 1,668 killed and wounded; and in the entire campaign, by land and sea, we did not lose a gun or a flag or a transport or a ship, and with the exception of the crew of the Merrimac, not a soldier or sailor was taken prisoner. On Aug. 7, forty-six days from the date of the landing of General Shafter's army in Cuba, and twenty-one days from the surrender of Santiago, the United States troops commenced embarkation for home, and our entire force was returned to the United States as early as Aug. 24. They were absent from the United States only two months. It is fitting that I should bear testimony to the patriotism and devotion of that large portion of our army which, although eager to be ordered to the post of greatest exposure, fortunately was not required outside of the United States. They did their whole duty, and, like their comrades at the front, have earned the gratitude of the nation. In this connection it is a pleasure for me to mention in terms of cordial appreciation the timely and useful work of the American National Red Cross, both in relief measures preparatory to the campaigns, in sanitary assistance at several of the camps of assemblage, and, later, under the able and experienced leadership or the president of the society, Miss Clara Barton, on the fields of battle and in the hospitals at the front in Cuba. In tracing these events we are constantly reminded of our obligations to the Divine Master for His watchful care over us and His guidance, for which the nation makes

CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX.

A Choir Angel.

The small son of the people and his little sister were inside the great West Philadelphia church for the first time. "Um—m—my! but it's a beaut place," he whispered. "I bet people wot belong here comes every time dey can." Her breath came to her in little gasps. Her soiled little fingers pressed on his with thrilled intensity. Her eyes fastened on the splendid chancel. "Heaven mus' be nex' door," she said. They hardly moved throughout the service, and never once let go each other's hands, for it was as a strange land. At last the sweet choired procession of choir boys came down the aisle. At its head was a slim young sereph, with a face as fair and pure as the linen he wore. Faint, dark circles beneath his eyes completed the ethereal effect. "Is dem angels?" The little gurl began, but stopped short, surprised at the look on her brother's face." "Dat kid in front's Bill Griggs, wot I licked last week fer swipin' tings from ole Mrs. Maguire's apple stand. He ain't got over dem black eyes I gev 'im yet. Come on let's git out." His face was stern and set as they went. She furtively wiped a tear.—*Philadelphia Record.*

How it Hurts!—Rheumatism, with its sharp twinges, aches and pains. Do you know the cause? Acid in the blood has accumulated in your joints. The cure is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla which neutralizes this acid. Thousands write that they have been completely cured of rheumatism by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills cures nausea, sick headache, biliousness, indigestion. Price 25 cents.

Private Mailing Cards.

Instructions to postmasters have been issued by the second assistant postmaster general, through the superintendent of foreign mail, relative to private mailing cards by the recent order of the postmaster general. Beautiful cards, lithographed in colors, illustrating and advertising various objects of interest and conforming in size and consistency of paper of the official postal card, may now be sent to any foreign country by affixing a two cent stamp, and to Canada and Mexico by affixing a one-cent stamp.

Lassitude.

Lassitude, "that tired feeling", is one of the first signs of approaching illness; it may be a Cold; La Grippe, or other malady. A few doses of "77" at this early stage may "break up" the disease, preventing a long illness.

"77" cures Gripe, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the Head and Chest, Cough and Sore Throat. At druggist or sent prepaid; price 25c and 50c; large pocket flask, $1.00. Dr. Humphreys' Manuel at druggists or sent free. Humphreys' Medicine Company, Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

What a Fleet!- Sour Stomach, Distress after Eating, Weight in the Stomach, Wind on the Stomach Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, Nausea, Sick Headache—formidable foes to good health—but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are the invincible battleships that can put to rout and destroy the last vestige of them, and make peace and happiness reign where all was misery and suffering. 35 cents.—70

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

One of the rarest things to see in any part of Pennsylvania is a persimmon tree. It is interesting, therefore to know that Michael Koplin, a Bucks county farmer, is this fall harvesting hundreds of bushels of the fruit, which finds ready sale at from 75 cents to $1 a basket. The greater part of them are eaten raw, but many people buy them to pickle and preserve.

Heart Terrors vanish in 30 minutes under the magical wand of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. A heart specific, and no case too acute to be dispelled and absolute good health restored. Mrs. Roadhouse, of Williscroff, O., writes: "Cold sweats would stand out on me like beads, so intense were the attacks of Heart Disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart cured me, and to-day I know nothing of the terrors of this trouble"—66.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

"Young man," said Mrs. Parvenu, have you got any good books for children?" "Yes, madam," replied the affable salesman. "Well, then, wrap me up about ten pounds of the very best."

40 Gems, 10 Cents.—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills cure all troubles arising from torpor of the liver. Easy and quick—Banish Sick Headache—Purify the blood and eradicate all impurities from the system. The demand is big. The pills are little, easy to take, pleasant results, no pain. 40 in a vial. 10 cents.—69.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

9 00 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

STOVE NAPTHA, the Cheapest and Best Fuel on the market. With it you can run a Vapor Stove for one-half cent per hour. Give us a call and be convinced.

W. O. Holmes, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Eshleman & Wolf, "
L. E. Wharey, "
W. F. Hartman, "

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at R. B. GROTZ, Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

TID-BITS FOR MA' HONEY!

and tender little juicelets for the children, are all right, but papa and "the boys" want a good, big, juicy steak, roast or chop when business or school duties are over, and we can cater to them all. Our stock of prime meats is unexcelled for quality, and we send them home in fine shape.

J. E. KEIFER.

Salt Rheum Cured Quick.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Salt Rheum, and all itching or burning skin disease in a day. One application gives almost instant relief. For itching Blind or Bleeding Piles it stands without a peer. Cures in from three to six nights. 35 cents.—68.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Hoax—"So young goldrox has taken a wife. What was her maiden name?" Joax—"Her maiden aim seems to have been to marry Goldrox, and she proved an unusually god shot for a woman."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.24
Lard per lb	.08
Ham per pound	.09
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	.35
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.40
Hay per ton	9 to $10
Potatoes per bushel	.70
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1 00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.20
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.09
Side meat " "	.08
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	1.25
Bran, "	95
Chop "	.95
Middlings "	.95
Chickens per lb new	.08
" " old	08
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3 85
" 6 at yard	2 35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

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Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and al Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, al business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at Less Cost than those remote from Washington.

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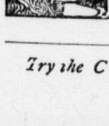
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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

11-24-it.d.

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5th, 1898.

Mr. McKinley has made it plain to Senators and Representatives who have called upon him since Spain agreed to our terms for the surrender of the Philippines to us that he has not made up his mind what we ought to do with the Philippines, and will not do so until we have had them under military control long enough to get the information necessary to form an intelligent opinion. That sort of talk has strengthened the chances of the treaty of peace for ratification at this session of Congress, as it coincides with the opinion of three-fourths of the Senators, regardless of party. The opinion is practically unanimous that the taking of the Islands away from Spain was the right thing to do, but there the unanimity ends. What sort of a goverment will follow our military rule of the Islands nobody can say at this time. It will depend largely upon public sentiment in this country, and that will be governed by circumstances.

***

By putting in a vigorous protest, Senator Jones, of Arkansas, succeeded in getting the War Department to change the orders assigning the Twenty-fifth Infantry (negroes) to garrison duty at Fort Logan H. Root, near Little Rock, and having a white regiment, the Twelfth Infantry, ordered there instead.

***

Maj. Gen. M. C. Butler, who was ordered from Havana, where he was serving as one of our Military Commissioners, to Washington, to confer with the authorities in regard to the military occupation of Cuba, has gone to South Carolina to spend a few days with his family before returning to Cuba. While in Washington Gen. Butler spoke freely to his friends of his experience in Cuba. He says the Spanish soldiers are orderly and well-behaved as a rule, and that the Cubans are bright and many of them well educated and fully capable of administering the government of the island. He thinks the Spaniards who will remain in Cuba will get along amicably with the Cubans. Gen. Butler declined to express an opinion as to how long it would be before the government of Cuba was turned over to the Cubans, because it will be largely dependent upon circumstances.

***

The two Democratic Governors-elect—Sayers, of Texas, and McMillin, of Tennessee—who are members of the House, will be missed when they retire. Mr. McMillin, the date of whose inauguration will be fixed by the Legislature, which meets the first Monday in January, will retain his seat in the House until after the adjournment for the holiday recess. and Mr. Sayers, who is the leading Democrat on the Committee on Appropriations, and whose inauguration as Governor will take place January 17th, will keep his seat up to the last minute, so as to have a hand in shaping as many of the regular appropriation bills as possible before retiring. Gov. Sayers is conservative on the expansion question. He did not favor the acquisition of the Philippines by the United States, and when asked to express his opinion what we should do with them now, that the treaty of peace has given them to us, said: "The problem of occupation of this territory is no light one, and we will have to proceed by slow steps until we hit upon some satisfactory plan of government."

***

Senator Cockrell says he hasn't fully made up his mind as to what he will do when the time comes to vote on the Philippine question, and he doesn't expect to do so until he ascertains the details of the treaty and the intentions of the administration, but that if he had the power to act for this government, at this time, he would tell the Philippines to set up their own government, and would recognize its independence. He added: "Who knows the Philippines cannot govern themselves? The world said the same thing when we were struggling for liberty, and some of the best men in the American colonies believed that we would never be able to maintain a republic. I believe that the Philippinos can establish and maintain just as free and just as good a republic as do the French people with all their boasted intelligence, and I should like to see the experiment tried."

***

The administration will not attempt to secure currency legislation at this session of Congress, for the very good reason that the administration is divided upon the sort of currency legislation that is wanted. It will be remembered that Mr. McKinley, in his annual message to Congress, last year, did not endorse the radical financial views expressed in the annual report of Secretary Gage; only called the attention of Congress to them, and suggested that they be studied. Now, Comptroller of Currency Dawes, who was personally selected by Mr. McKinley for that position, has made a straight attack, in his annual report, upon several of the most important of Secretary Gage's recommendations. It is reasonably certain that Mr. Dawes did not do this without the knowledge and consent of Mr. McKinley. There is also another reason why the administration will not try to get financial legislation—fear that it would concentrate public attention upon the financial question and thereby strengthen the silver men.

The Loss of the "Maria Teresa."

The controlling sentiment about the loss of the "Maria Teresa" was that it was a bit of very hard luck for Lieutenant Hobson that, after he had been at such pains to bring her up from the bottom of the sea, she should not have kept afloat. On Tuesday, November 1, being on her way from Guantanamo to Norfolk, under command of Lieutenant Commander Ira Harris, in company with the collier Leonidas, and in tow of the wrecking tugs Vulcan and Merritt, she was abandoned in a heavy northeast gale, about thirty miles north of San Salvador. All her crew were taken off and saved. Commander Harris reached Charleston on the Merritt on November 5, and reported his loss to the Navy Department. According to his report, the storm began about one o'clock on the morning of November 1. As it increased and the sea rose, the ship leaked badly, and the sea broke over her bows, making trouble for the forward pumps. Then water got into the forward fire-room, washing the coal about and choking more pumps. It became difficult to keep up a serviceable amount of steam, and the mariners passed a laborious and very diagreeable night. About one o'clock P. M. Commander Harris determined that the ship was no longer tenable, and began to transfer his men to the Merritt. This was accomplished with great labor. At 5:30 the Vulcan, which up to that time had towed the Maria Teresa, slipped her hawser and cast her off.

On Monday, November 7, a report reached New York that a steamer with two funnels, believed to be the Maria Teresa, was ashore on Cat Island. The report being confirmed, the Vulcan was sent from Norfolk, under command of Captain McCalla, and the Potomac from Guantanamo, in charge of Captain Converse, to investigate and take action. Lieutenant Hobson went with the Vulcan to get his old friend afloat again if she is found.—E. S. Martin, in *Harper's Weekly*.

Fruit and Nuts.

Green figs, according to a prominent medical journal, are excellent food. Walnuts give nerve or brain food, muscle heat and waste. Raisins are stimulating in proportion to their quality. Pine kernels give heat and stay. They serve as a substitute for bread.

Apples supply the higher nerve and muscle food, but do not give stay.

Oranges are refreshing and feeding, but are not good if the liver is out of order.

Dried figs contain nerve and muscle food, heat and waste; but are bad for the liver.

Blanched almonds give the higher nerve or brain and muscle food; no heat no waste.

Green water grapes are blood purifying (but of little food value); reject pips and skins.

Blue grapes are feeding and blood purifying; too rich for those who suffer from the liver.

Tomatoes. Higher nerve or brain food and waste; no heat; they are thinning and stimulating. Do not swallow skins.

Juicy fruits give more or less the higher nerve or brain, and some few, muscle food and waste; no heat.

Lemons and tomatoes should not be used daily in cold weather; they have a thinning and cooling effect.

Prunes afford the highest nerve or brain food; supply heat and waste, but are not muscle feeding, they should be avoided by those who suffer from the liver.

The great majority of small, fresh seed fruits are laxative.

All stone fruits are considered to be injurious for those who suffer from the liver, and should be used cautiously.

The Pennsylvania Germans.

The "Pennsylvania Dutch," as the descendants of the early immigrants from Germany who came from that part of the Rhine country called the Palatinate, are known to have an interesting history.

At an early date the German Palatines embraced the tenets of the Reformation. They were considered heretics, and during a thirty-years' war their beautiful country was ravaged by contending armies. Subsequently there were persecutions and cruelties, and when Louis XIV, of France, carried on a war of extermination more than 100,000 of the Palatine inhabitants were murdered.

Life in the German Palatine became intolerable, and Penn's Province offered an asylum. William Penn made no less than three visits to the Palatinate, his first being in 1671. He was familiar with German, preached the Quaker tenets and made some converts.

The first immigration began in 1702. Many of the Germans had no money, and masters of vessels conveyed them across the ocean, depending for compensation on the chance of selling the immigrants to some purchaser for a term of years. Advertisements are cited as late as 1773, when a Dutch apprentice lad was "to be sold." There was a German slave trade, and from the overcrowded vessels and contagious disease not less than 2,000 Germans died at sea in 1738.

After the tide of German immigration had set in it continued for many years, as far as Pennsylvania was concerned. There were estimated to be 280,000 Germans in Pennsylvania prior to the Revolution. They cared little for political honors, as the right to sit in assembly was confined to English subjects.

The dialect of the Pennsylvania Germans, as they talked it in the past, was known as Pfalzisch. Barring its English infusion, the dialect is the same as when first brought here. The tenacity with which the Pennsylvania Germans have clung to their form of speech for so many years is not without parallel among other people—in Wales and Switzerland—but the Pennsylvania Dutch, as it is called, is becoming debased, and is likely to continue from now on.—*Selected.*

Woes of the Non-Advertiser.

The non-advertising merchant goeth forth to his lair at the rising of the sun and lo, no man interfereth. He standeth around all day like a bottle of castor oil, and the people with the shekels come out to his shanty. He abvertiseth not his wares, and his name is forgotten on the face of the earth. Who hath fly soiled hams? Who hath stale baking powder without end? He that knoweth not the way to the printing office.

The Migration of Butterflies.

One of the most beautiful sights in the world is the annual migration of butterflies across the Isthmus of Panama. Where they come from or whither they go, no one knows, and though many distinguished naturalists have attempted to solve the problem, it is still as strange a mystery as it was to the first European traveller who observed it. Toward the end of June a few scattered specimens are discovered flitting out to sea, and as the days go by the number increases, until about July 14 or 15 the sky is occasionally almost obscured by myriads of these frail insects.—Indianapolis News.

To Evacuate Cuba.

January 1st. 1899. is the Last Day of Spain's Nominal Rule.

The date for the Spanish evacuation has been definitely settled as January 1st. All the Spanish troops then remaining in the island will be quartered, under the protection of the United States in camps especially designated, pending embarkation for Spain.

The stenographic report of the joint session of the evacuation commissioners was signed last week by the Spaniards, the Americans having previously attached their signatures. Colonel Clous and Captain Hart visited General Parrado, president of the Spanish evacuation commission, who, after signing the convention, sent Lieut. Colonel Girauta with Colonel Clouse to the other Spanish commissioners, Admiral Monterola and Marquis De Montero, both of whom signed it.

The landing place at Marianao has been turned over officially to Gen. Humphreys, who is the ranking chief quartermaster of the United States troops in the island. A depot for quartermaster's stores will be erected there. The pier and wharf were inspected by Gen. Greene, Gen. Humphreys and Col. Hecker, who expressed themselves as satisfied with the work.

In the course of the next fortnight work will be commenced, under Col. Hecker, who expressed themselvns as satisfied with the work.

In the course of the next fortnight work will be commenced, under Col. Hecker's directions, upon a railroad from Carabanca, on the east side of Havana bay, to Guanabacoa, where it will connect with the tracks of the United railroad, thus facilitating the transportation of commissary supplies.

Next Sunday Col. Hecker and Captain Crawford will go to Mantanzas, pushing on later to Cardenas, Sagua La Grande and Cienfuegos. Colonel Hecker goes in his capacity of chief transportation to arrange for the various railroads.

"Let's chew this instead."

There has never been any question of rivalry about

BattleAx PLUG

It is acknowledged by all to be the Victor. Its campaign has been successful because its forces have been irresistible. These forces are high quality and large quantity for a low price. In no other way can you get so large a piece of really good chewing tobacco for 10c.

Remember the name when you buy again.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

HUMPHREYS'

WITCH HAZEL

OIL

CURES

Piles or Hemorrhoids
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

"I DO MY OWN WORK."

So Says Mrs. Mary Rochiette of Linden, New Jersey, in this Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"I was bothered with a flow which would be quite annoying at times, and at others would almost stop.

"I used prescriptions given me by my physician, but the same state of affairs continued.

"After a time I was taken with a flooding, that I was obliged to keep my bed. Finally, in despair, I gave up my doctor, and began taking your medicine, and have certainly been greatly benefited by its use.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has indeed been a friend to me.

"I am now able to do my own work, thanks to your wonderful medicine. I was as near death I believe as I could be, so weak that my pulse scarcely beat and my heart had almost given out. I could not have stood it one week more, I am sure. I never thought I would be so grateful to any medicine.

"I shall use my influence with any one suffering as I did, to have them use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Every woman that is puzzled about her condition should secure the sympathetic advice of a woman who understands. Write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her your ills.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place. PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists. 12-8-4td.

THE DEVELOPMENT

of Bloomsburg, notwithstanding the late financial and business depression.

HAS BEEN PHENOMINAL.

Its permanence and prosperity are now assured.

The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company now offers for sale the most desirable lots for residences and business purposes to be had in this town, at moderate prices and upon easy terms.

A SMALL PAYMENT

down and small monthly payments thereafter will secure a lot.

Those purchasers desiring to build, and own their own homes the company will assist by advancing the money there on.

WHY PAY RENT

when you can own your own home?

Factory Sites Given Away.

Maps of the town and our plotted property furnished on application.

Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company.

J. S. WOODS, Sales Agent. N. U. FUNK, Secretary.

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Demorest's Magazine Fashion Department is in every way far ahead of that contained in any other publication. Subscribers are entitled each month to patterns of the latest fashions in woman's attire, **at no cost to them** other than that necessary for postage and wrapping.

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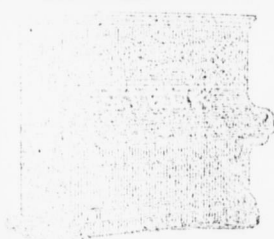

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

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We sell on the installment plan. Pianos, $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet Music, at oell half price. Musical merchandise of a kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the **Demorest Sewing Machine,** from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

WASH MACHINES,

FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

J. SALTZER.

Music Rooms—No. 115 West Main St., below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa. 3m11-3

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect August 1st, 1898.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Northumberland	6 25	1.50	10 00	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	6 43	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 32	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 15	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 54	3 01	11 04	7 06
Beach Haven	7 53	3 07	.....	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 01	3 13	.....	7 25
Shickshinny	8 14	3 24	11 30	7 37
Hunlock's	8 27	3 34	.....	7 48
Nanticoke	8 35	3 42	11 45	7 56
Avondale	8 40	3 46	.....	8 04
Plymouth	8 45	3 51	11 52	8 06
Plymouth Junction	8 50	3 55	.....	8 11
Kingston	8 57	4 02	12 10	8 18
Bennett	9 00	4 06	.....	8 21
Forty Fort	9 03	4 10	.....	8 24
Wyoming	9 08	4 16	12 08	8 28
West Pittston	9 12	4 21	.....	8 32
Susquehanna Ave	9 15	4 24	12 14	8 36
Pittston	9 19	4 29	12 17	8 40
Duryea	9 23	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 26	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	33	4 45	.....	8 57
Bellevue	9 38	4 50	.....	9 02
Scranton	9 42	4 55	12 35	9 02
	A.M	P.M.	P.M.	P.M

STATIONS.	WEST. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Scranton	6 00	10 05	1 55	5 40
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 15	2 03	5 50
Lackawanna	6 18	10 23	2 10	5 58
Duryea	6 22	10 26	2 13	6 02
Pittston	6 28	10 41	2 17	6 06
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 35	2 20	6 10
West Pittston	6 36	10 39	2 24	6 14
Wyoming	6 41	10 44	2 29	6 19
Forty Fort	6 46	.....	.....	.....
Bennett	6 50	10 52	2 36	6 30
Kingston	6 56	10 56	2 42	6 56
Plymouth Junction	7 00	.....	2 47	.....
Plymouth	7 04	11 05	2 52	6 43
Avondale	7 09	...	2 57	6 47
Nanticoke	7 14	11 13	3 06	6 50
Hunlock's	7 20	11 19	3 10	6 58
Shickshinny	7 31	11 30	3 24	7 10
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 43	3 35	7 25
Beach Haven	7 53	11 48	3 42	7 32
Berwick	8 00	11 54	2 49	7 38
Briarcreek	8 06	...	3 55	.....
Willow Grove	8 10	12 04	3 59	7 43
Lime Ridge	8 14	12 09	4 04	7 53
Espy	8 21	12 15	4 11	8 00
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 22	4 17	8 07
Rupert	8 34	12 27	4 23	8 13
Catawissa	8 40	12 32	4 28	8 18
Danville	8 55	12 47	4 42	8 34
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	4 49
Cameron	9 05	12 57	4 51	8 4
Northumberland	9 20	1 10	5 08	9 0
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

B. & S. R. R.

SOUTH.—ARRIVE. a.m.	a.m.	p.m	p.m.	STATIONS.	NORTH—LEAVE a.m	p.m	p.m	a.m
7.10	11.45	6.30	2.15	Bloomsb'g.	8.34	2.40	6.45	6.10
7.03	11.40	6.26	2.10	" P. & F.	8.36	2.42	6.47	
7.03	11.37	6.24	2.08	" Main st..	8.39	2.45	6.50	
6.53	11.27	6.12	1 50	Paper Mill.	8.48	2.54	7.01	6.37
6.50	11.23	6.09	1.45	Light St.	8.52	2.59	7.03	6.50
6.40	11.15	5.59	1.30	Orangeville.	9.02	3.10	7.14	7.10
6.29	11.0	5.48	1.00	Forks	9.10	3.30	7.25	7.35
6.25	11.00	5.44	12.53	Zaner's	9.14	3.34	7.28	7.45
6.18	10.55	5.37	12.45	Stillwater	9.20	3.30	7.33	8.00
6.08	10.45	5.27	2.3	Benton	9.30	3.40	7.43	8.30
6.01	10.40	5.22	12.10	Edson's	9.34	3.44	7.47	8.40
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.05	Cole's Crk.	9.37	3.47	7.51	8.46
5.53	10.32	5.13	11.53	Laubach	9.47	3.57	8.01	9.00
5.43	10.23	5.03	11.45	Central	9.57	4.07	8.11	9.25
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.30	J.c.m. City.	10.00	4.10	8.15	9.35
a.m	a.m	p.m	p.m		a.m	p.m	p.m	a.m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular perscription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredents is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1898.

The President's Message, sent to Congress on Monday, is printed on the second and sixth pages of this paper. It is an unusually interesting document, as it deals largely with the new questions that have arisen out of the war with Spain.

Queer Pennsylvanians.

It is useless for outsiders to attempt to measure the queer politics of Pennsylvania by the standards prevailing elsewhere. Here is a commonwealth filled with a good, honest, church-going people, and it carries on a heated political campaign upon the question whether a man who has been detected at various times in burglarious attempts upon the State Treasury, and who has made a practice of using banks as instruments for the transfer of public funds to his private pocket, shall be given absolute control of the State Government. After the issue has been fully explained and discussed, the people vote by 118,000 majority to make this acquisitive statesman their dictator. It is queer, but it is Pennsylvania. Let us humbly bow our heads and pass on. —N. Y. *Journal.*

The Official Vote.

D. R. Coffman, congressional return judge for this county, met the other return judges at the Court House on Friday. The soldier vote had not been received at their first meeting, hence the second meeting. The official vote for Congress is as follows:

Columbia County—Polk 4767, Woodin 3584, Caldwell 869.

Montour County—Polk 2096, Woodin 992, Caldwell 27.

Northumberland County—Polk 6619 Woodin 6784, Caldwell 791.

Sullivan County—Polk 1310, Woodin 1203, Caldwell 94.

The entire soldier vote for Congress in the district was 13. Northumberland county gave Polk 8 and Woodin 4. Sullivan county gave Polk 1.

State School Teachers and Pupils.

A statement prepared at the Department of Public Instruction at Harrisburg shows that there are 27,347 schools in the State and 28,080 teachers. The average salary of the male teacher is $42.69 per month and of the female teacher, $38.45. The whole number of pupils is 1,143,100, and the total amount paid for teachers wages last year was $10,332,759.97. The increase in the number of schools was 641; decrease in salary of male teachers per month, $1.03; increase in salary of female teachers, 34 cents. Delaware county pays the highest salaries, the average for male teachers being $77.48, and for female teachers, 45.58. Susquehanna pays the lowest salaries.

PROGRAM.

Following is the program of the entertainment in the Methodist church to-morrow night:

PART I.

1. March Lefebure-Wely
   Mrs. Fred Holmes.
2. "On to the Charge," Heine
   Choir.
3. Male Quartet, "Medley No. 2," White
   Messrs. Barton, Hartman, Ent and Yetter.
4. Reading, "Silence,"
   Miss Grace Corell.
5. Anthem, "The Wondrous Story," Barrows
   Senior Choir.
6. Glee, Now by Day's Retiring Lamp," Bishop
   Choir.

PART II.

1. Anthem, "Have Mercy Upon Me," Ogden
   Senior Choir.
2. "A Very Bad Cold,"
   Miss Williams and Mrs. Hess, Messrs. Barton and Eyer.
3. Solo, "Margarita," Lohr
   Miss Mabel Peacock.
4. Quartet, "The Girl Who Sat Down on my Hat," Towne
   Messrs. Barton, Eyer, Ent and Yetter.
5. The Laugh of a Jolly Good Fellow," Tracy
   O. H. Yetter.
6. "Evening is Falling to Sleep in the West," Spence
   Choir.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE. Continued.

THURSDAY.

The fourth day of the Annual Teachers' Institute opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. B. C. Conner.

Singing and Instruction, Prof. O. H. Yetter.

"Scientific Temperance" was ably discussed by Mrs. Anna M. Hammer.

After two recitations by Miss Prudence Mendenhall, Dr. Neal addressed the teachers, on "The Educational System of China." It was an able address and of great value to the teachers.

The balance of the session was occupied by Dr. Jacques W. Redway on "The Correlation of Geography and Human Industries."

In the evening a large audience greeted the John Thomas Concert Company. The entertainment was first-class and thoroughly enjoyed.

FRIDAY.

The last session of the Institute convened at 9 o'clock. After music, by the teachers, Rev. G. H. Hemingway conducted devotional exercises, and made a short address on the scripture lesson.

"Common Emergencies of Life, and How to Meet Them," by Dr. Andrew Graydon. It was a valuable talk and was listened to with great interest.

Prof. O. H. Yetter led the Institute in music, after which Prof. D. H. Hartline made the closing address.

The Committee on Resolutions made the following report:

WHEREAS, the past school year has been marked by improvements in the length of the school term in some districts and an increase of salaries in others as well as a general improvement along the line of education, therefore,

Resolved: that the teachers of Columbia county tender their sincere thanks to all who have in any manner, contributed to the welfare of the schools.

Resolved: that the thanks of the teachers of Columbia county are due, and are hereby tendered the citizens of Bloomsburg for their hospitality and cordial welcome during this Institute.

Resolved: that we extend our special thanks to the Trustees and Faculty of the Bloomsburg Normal School for the free use of their building during the sessions of this Institute, and for all other favors shown.

Resolved: that the Instructors of this Institute receive the thanks of the teachers of Columbia county for their untiring efforts in behalf of better education.

Resolved: that we believe a thorough study of the English classics recommended to the teachers of Columbia county will result in a more elevated line of reading, and broader views of English literature, and that we commend them to the teachers for careful study.

Resolved: that the thanks of this Institute are hereby tendered to all who have in any manner contributed to our entertainment and instrnction during this week.

Resolved: that in the death of William H. Snyder, a former teacher in our ranks and for nine years superintendent of the schools of Columbia county, the cause of popular education has lost an ardent advocate, the teachers a sympathising friend and the legal profession a faithful expounder.

BOYD TRESCOTT,
W. C. MAUSER,
W. E. ELMES,
SARA C. DISEROAD,
HESTER BURR LEWIS.

Supt. Miller deserves the especial thanks of rhe teachers for presenting so strong a course and for his arduous and untiring labors in making the Institute an entire success.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMP'Y

Will Issue Clerical Orders for 1899.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that the issue of clerical orders will be continued for the year 1899 on the same lines as in effect at present.

Application blanks may be obtained of ticket agents, and same should reach the General Office by December 20, so that orders may be mailed December 31 to clergymen entitled to receive them. Orders will be issued only on individual application of clergymen when made on blanks furnished by the Company and certified to by one of its agents.

The great six-day bicycle race started at New York at a little past twelve o'clock Monday morning. Eight countries are represented in the contestants, but United States comes in with the greatest representation, having eleven starters. Germany comes next with nine of her sons in the race. The other countries represented are: Sweden, with three men; Ireland, with three; France, with two; Switzerland, with two, and England and Canada with one each. Joe Rice of Wilkesbarre, who has taken second twice before is agaiu in the race. He is looked upon this time as a probable winner. Joe has many friends in Bloomsburg.

The Luzerne County Commissioners have given notice that hereafter they will not allow the Court House to be used for any purpose except the regular court business. The political parties and reform movements will have to seek elsewhere for rallying places in the future.

John Lachman of Catawissa, met with a very serious and probably fatal accident on Sunday. He was picked up Monday morning in an unconscious condition under the railroad bridge between Rupert and Catawissa. It appears that he lost his balance while crossing the bridge and fell to the ground below, a distance of about twenty feet. He laid there all night, which of itself was almost enough to cause death.

The Musical and Literary entertainment in the M. E. Church Friday evening Dec. 9th., bids fair to be a success in every particular. Two popular readers from our town will give select reading and the present M. E. Choir will be assisted with the music by the M. E. Choir of twenty-five years ago. To the music loving people of Bloom., these two choirs need no introduction, a glimpse at the program will prove to you that a rich treat is in store for those who come, and since there is an abundance of room, every body should come. Admission 25c. and all under 15 years, only 10c.

HOOD'S coupon **CALENDAR**

1899 is a perfect beauty, patriotic, up to date. Subject: **'AN AMERICAN GIRL,'** One of the handsomest pieces of color work issued this year. Lithographed, with border of army and navy emblems embossed in gold. Leave your name with your druggist and ask him to save you a copy or send 6 cents in stamps for one to C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

[Mention this paper.]

Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine for the Blood and the Best that Money Can Buy. Hence Take Only Hood's.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual election by the stockholders of the Farmers' National Bank, of Bloomsburg, Pa., to choose a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1899, between the hours of two and four o'clock in the afternoon.

12-8te A. H. BLOOM, Cashier.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the policy holders of the Briarcreek Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Lime Ridge, Pa., will be held at the hall, Centre Grange, No. 56, P. of H. on January 9, 1899, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. for the election of twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

H. H. BROWN, Secretary.

12-8te

TRIAL LIST

For December Term of Court, Commencing Monday, December 12th.

David Llwellyn vs. C. W. Kline.
Susan Cooper vs Margaret Averal et al.
Lloyd P. Fox vs George Fox, Exr., et al.
Susan Cooper vs. Daniel Miller.
Martha A. Case vs. D. L. & W. R. R. Co
Wm. Case vs. D. L. & W. R. R. Co
Wm Hoffman, Admr., use, vs. Wm. Hopper and Mary Hopper.
Howard R. Snyder vs. James Magee, 2d.
Dennison Brink vs. the Twp. of Hemlock.
The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co., of Middle Pa., now to use of Harry S. Knight, Receiver, vs. Bartold Kierhoff.
Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Co. vs. George Wyatt.
Robert S. Howell vs. Daniel Snyder and wife.
Charles C. Evans, executor of John Hunt, deceased, vs. D. Z. Remaley.
Mary Lesher, widow of Matthias Lesher, vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
John Rovats vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Co,
Uriah Brooke vs Christian Small, Jr.
Wm. C. Sponsler vs. Wm. Walp et al.
Rebecca J. Martin vs. Boyd R. Yetter.
J. B. Robison vs. Benj. H. Karns et al.
W. J. Mohr vs. Joe C. Eves et al.
Simon Abelis' use vs. B. J. Doyle et al.
John O'Conner vs. Mid Valley Coal Co.
H. E. Elston vs. Wilson U. Jury.
W. M. Weaver vs. Henry Deighmiller and Hiram Sterling
Beneville Rhoads vs. G. W. Billig and W. M. Lemon.
Theodore Yeager vs. W. H. Stebbins.
Theodore Doster et al. vs. Elizabeth Johnson et al.

ARGUMENT LIST.

Commonwealth vs. Hiram Albertson.
Mary C. Kline vs. Rebecca J. Adams.
C. D. Hamlin vs. N. E. Hamlin.
David Naus vs. William Roady.
Simon Abelis' use vs. B. J. Doyle.
In re annexation of territory to Boro of Berwick.
In re road in Catawissa and Main Twps, from river bridge to Mainville.
Madison Township Poor Dist. vs. Bloom Poor Dist.
Road in Greenwood Twp, near Heacock's R. R. Station.
Road in Catawissa Twp., near Daniel Morris' barn.
In re division of Briarcreek Twp. into two Twps.
Francis Evans, trustee, vs. Henry M. Martz.
Metropolitan Collecting Co. and Danville Stove Mfg. Co. vs. Anna M. Berninger et al.
Jeremiah Snyder vs. Christian Adams.
Road in Franklin Twp., near Francis Ely's.
Quaker City Watch Co. vs. H. R. Irvin, Deft., and Scott E. Fenstemacher, garnishee.
Estate of John Michael, deceased.
The Leader Co., Ltd., vs. Thos. Gorrey.
C. C. Peacock's use vs. M. A. Albertson
J. E. Wilson vs. M. A. Albertson.
Estate of Boyd A. Kile, deceased.

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.

XMAS GREETING.

Half the joys of gift making lie in the knowledge that your money has obtained full value. Our store is full of surprises, and no trash or old shop-worn goods.

$4.75 Buys a Suit of Clothes for father, brother, or grandfather.

$5.75 Buys a good Storm Coat, or Overcoat, warm and comfortable.

$3.00 Buys a good Storm Reefer, storm collar. Good Chinchilla, well linen.

$1.95 Buys a pretty Veste Suit, for boys' wear.

19c. Buys boy's Knee Pants.

$3.00 Buys a Suit of our Double Seated Knee and Ebony School School Suit.

75c. Buys a Suit of Underwear, sold elsewhere for one dollar. They are good values.

25c. Buys an Outing Flannel Shirt or Cheviot.

House Coats from $3.50. Bath Robes from $3.00.

These are only a few of the bargains now being offered during the holidays. We invite a call from you and we are sure you will find our goods will please you, in quality, price and style,

At Townsend's Star Clothing House.

Holiday Life At This Store

At this time every storekeeper is disposed to say, "We have the largest and best stock." But is the saying so in an advertisement always the settlement of a fact? It is not *we* think, or what we want *others* to think, *but as it is.*

Year after year there is more common sense shown in the choosing of gifts. Useable things, that is the idea. And we use our wits to meet the demand in a liberal way. Useful things, to be sure, but beautiful as well.

China.

Our China you will find displayed through the centre of our store. We have never had such a pretty lot, or so much of it. We can give you at almost any price. Cups and saucers at 10c., plates at 10c. Usual asking price, double.

Silverware.

We have the same make of silverware we have always handled. Something that we can guarantee to you. 4-piece tea sets, from $4.50 to $10.00. These goods are worth a great deal more.

Pickle casters, sugar bowls, cracker jars, crumb trays, mugs for children, cake baskets, fruit baskets. Anything you need to make a table look nice, at prices one-third less than usual.

Dress Goods For Christmas.

Our Dress Goods stock is too heavy. It must be reduced by Christmas, and the way to do it is to lower the prices.

Dress Goods, worth 42c, at 29c.
" " 56c, at 44c.
" " 65c, at 58c.

Special lot of Dress Cloth, all wool, at 23c.

Ladies', Children's Coats and Capes.

From Tuesday of this week until Christmas we will make special prices on our Coats and Capes. These prices will save you money. Our stock is complete.

Unusual Linen Value.

We call your attention to our lots of Table Linen.

Worth 35c., 52 in. wide, at 25c.
Worth $1, 72 in. wide, at 75c.

Special Towels For Christmas.

A lot of figured Hucka Back Towels, large size, we have never offered under $1.00 per pair, we put on sale this week at 50c. the pair. Don't miss them.

Fine Damask Towels, hemstitched, worth 75c. each, at 49c. each.

Our Furniture Department.

White Enameled Iron Beds, brass trimmed, with springs to fit, from $3.50 to $15.00.

We will sell at these prices a short time.

28 different patterns in Fancy Rockers for Christmas, at prices that will save you money. We sell our Furniture with no extra expense. This accounts for our prices.

Christmas Offer.

You will find these goods displayed in the window next to the grocery department:

Handsome hand-painted hair receivers, plates, trays, candle sticks. These goods have never been sold for less than 60c. We put them on sale Wednesday morning at 25c. each.

Toilet bottles we sold last Christmas at 79c., we put on sale Wednesday morning at 39c each.

Footing and Laces For Hand'fs.

Ten different patterns and widths in footing totrim handkerchiefs.

Neat, pretty edges of lace, with inserting to match, in any quality.

Outings.

We will put on sale another lot of those nice, soft Outings, worth 10c. the yard, at 8c. the yard.

Umbrellas.

There is nothing so nice and useful for Christmas as an umbrella. 98c. for a steel rod Gloria Umbrella. Would be cheap at $1.50. We can please you. We show them as high as $7.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS' NATIONAL BANK, at Bloomsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business December 1st, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$144,566 07
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		21 22
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		850 00
Bonds, securities, etc		88,293 75
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,500 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		1,967 48
Due from Nat'l Banks (not Reserve Agts)		10,166 08
Due from State Banks and Bankers		440 91
Due from approved reserve agents		15,597 18
Checks and other cash items		13,224 09
Notes of other National Banks		235 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts		104 33
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	$10,492 05	
Legal-tender notes	7,955 00	18,447 05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		2,250 00
Total		$350,663 16

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		11,316 73
National Bank Notes outstanding		45,000 00
Due to other National Banks		1,895 94
Due to State Banks and Bankers		798 15
Dividends unpaid		1,425 00
Individ'l deposs. subject to Ck. $227,360 16		
Certified checks	1,361 61	
Cashier's checks outstanding	905 57	229,627 34
Total		$350,663 16

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, }

I, A. H. BLOOM, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. H. BLOOM, CASHIER.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of December, 1898. J. C. RUTTER, JR., Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
C. A. KLEIM,
CHAS. W. RUNYON, } DIRECTORS.
C. M. CREVELING,

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

SPECIAL SALE!

Now is the time to get bargains. During the next 30 days we will give you many goods at and below cost. Wool Dress Goods that was 25c, now 15c. Dress Goods, from 50c. to 30. Do not miss these special sales. We have just received new supply of pretty Coats, Capes and Fur Collarettes for ladies. Fur sets for children.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, from $5.00 up.

Ladies' Coats, Capes, Separate Skirts. Coats for misses and children. In this line our stock is large. Prices low.

Ladies' Fur Collarettes, from $2.00 up.

Our sales in Shoes increases daily. Ladies' Fine Shoes, from 79c. up. Gents' Fine Shoes, from 98c. up. Good Calicoes, 3c. Good Muslin, 3½c. Our stock of Underwear is complete. We handle the celebrated Leather brand Stockings for ladies, misses and boys. Corsets, for 24c. up.

Our Grocery Department is improving daily—adding new goods at better prices. Our whole stock is complete and prices always right. It will pay you to see our goods before you buy.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre Sts. ALFRED McHENRY, M'G'R

The Columbian and Demorest's Family Magazine, only $1.75.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1898.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Paper Free for One Month.

THE COLUMBIAN will be sent *free* to any person in the county, on receipt of the name and address on a postal. Don't be afraid to ask for it. You will get it only four weeks, unless ordered to be continued.

A Free Book.

Every subscriber who pays all arrearages, and one year in advance, will be presented with the Thrice-a-week *World* for 3 months, or a *World Almanac* for 1899. The Almanac contains a marvelious compendium of useful facts, and a complete history of the Spanish-American war, and a battle calendar. This offer is good until Jan. 1, 1899. tf

To New Subscribers

For $1.00 we will send THE COLUMBIAN until January 1st, 1900, and the Thrice-a-Week *World* for three months, or a copy of the *World Almanac* for 1899. Subscribe now and get the benefit of this liberal offer. tf

We have received the latest sample book of society address cards and are prepared to supply cards with beautiful designs and in great variety to Masons of all degrees, Odd Fellows, Knights of Malta, Knights of the Golden Eagle, Junior O. U. A. M., G. A. R., Union Veteran League, Sons of Veterans, Royal Arcanum, P. O. S. of A. Also cards for Firemen, Christian Endeavors and many other organizations. Call and see samples. tf,

PURELY PERSONAL

J. G. Swank, of Mifflin township, ex-County Commissioner, was in town this week.

George Verdy has been engaged as traveling salesman for H M. Hockman.

Mrs. J. S. Roys of Lyons, N. Y., is visiting her son J. E. Roys on Market street.

Mrs. I. E. Roys who has been visiting in Tunkhannock has returned home.

H. M. Hockman transacted business in Shamokin Monday and Tuesday.

John G. McHenry of Benton was in town Friday.

Mrs. Edward Sleppy and daughter Miss Madalin, spent Sunday with relatives in town.

Miss Bertha Minemier of Espy, spent Sunday with Miss Pearl Hess, on Fifth street.

James W. Kocher, a compositor employed at present at the Pittston "Gazette" office, gave this office a call on Monday.

Elmer Davis and sister of Orangeville, were the guests of Miss Fannie Kline at Espy on Sunday last.

Mrs. Isaac Goldsmith of Mt. Carmel is visiting her daughter Mrs. B. A. Gidding in town.

C. H. Kline, who has been confined to his house by sickness for several days, is able to be at his business again.

Hon. Rufus K. Polk, of Danville, Congressman elect from this district, was in town on Monday.

Jacob Geisinger, of Forks, gave this office a call while in town attending Court this week.

Mrs. Geo. S. Robbins went to New York on Friday. Mr. Robbins has been there for the past two weeks. They expect to remain for some time.

H. A. McKillip Esq., went to Philadelphia on Monday to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge as representative of Washington Lodge of Bloomsburg.

We Will Open on Dec. 8th

The finest, largest and most buyable line of tasty gifts for Christmas ever shown in town. We make a specialty of the following, and in these lines we say right here, and can back it up, that we are head and shoulders above them all on quantity, quality and price:

OUR BIG 6

Sterling Silver Novelties, 25c. to $10.00.
Leather Goods and Novelties, 10c to $8.00.
Hand Decorated French China, 75c. to $8.00.
Perfumery and Toilet Articles, 10c. to $6 00.
Bristle Goods, all kinds, 25c. to $6.
Huyler's and Lowney's Confections, 60c. to 80c.

We have other beautiful goods, but on these lines WE LEAD.

W. S. RISHTON, Ph. G.,
Opposite P. O. Pharmacist

Telephone No 1074

Legal advertisements on page 7.

This is very changeable weather.

It will soon be time to get your skates out.

Sunday schools in town are preparing for the children's Christmas jubilee.

It is a very easy matter to look prosperous, but to feel so is quite different.

The words of praise bestowed upon Hood's Sarsaparilla by those who have taken it prove the merit of the medicine.

W. K. Armstrong entertained a number of friends at his pleasant home, on Catharine street, Tuesday evening.

There will be a Chicken and Oyster supper in the M. E. Church at Mahoning Saturday evening. All invited. Committee.

The Normal School basket ball team has been organized. The first game will be played with Danville in the gymnasium Monday evening.

Joseph Sharpless was ninety years of age on Tuesday. He is very active, and enjoying pretty good health for one of his age.

The Leader Store Co., Limited, greets the public with a new advertisement this week, on the first page. Some interesting announcements will be found in it.

Clark Brown of this town has accepted the management of R. T. Smith & Son's general store at Benton. He went to take charge of his position on Tuesday.

S. K. Worman has completed the erection of a fine new bicycle and general repair shop at Espy. He has fitted it with the very best appliances for doing good work, and owing to his ability in this line, he will no doubt be kept busy the coming season.

C. C. Evans, Esq, of Berwick, is the owner of a fine new gun that cost $200. He ordered it a short time before the war with Spain began, and as it is of English make, he had to wait until peace was declared before it could be delivered, firearms being contraband of war, and, therefore, none could be imported to this country while hostilities continued. Mr. Evans is an enthusiastic sportsman and a good shot.

Ent Post No. 250 G. A. R. held a meeting Friday night at their hall and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Commander, P. S. Moyer; Senior Vice Commander, B. F. Hicks; Junior Vice Commander, F. M. Gilmore; Chaplin, N. B. Fowler; Quartermaster; W. R. Ringrose; Officer of the Day, Z. Thomas; Officer of the Guard, L. T. Krider; Surgeon, W. O. Holmes; Delegate, D. S. Laubach; Alternate, T. E. Geddis; Trustee, 3 years, M. P. Lutz.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

BOARDING.

Good board by the day or week can be obtained at west corner of Market and Third streets. Terms reasonable.
11-24-4t. JOHN WOLF, AGT.

G. E. Grimes, Harness dealer at Light Street wishes to announce to the public that he is again doing business in the store room, one door below the old stand. He has an entirely new stock of Harness, Collars, Robes, Blankets, Whips, etc. The patronage of all is respectfully solicited. 12-1-4t.

Slippers by the hundreds at Lowenberg's. Don't miss seeing the beautiful line. 48c. to 1.50.

The largest line of Bibles, large, small and teacher's, ever shown in Bloomsburg, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Beautiful Rochester clothing, suits and overcoats at money saving prices at The D. Lowenberg Clothing Store.

Candies for Xmas of all kinds. Mixtures, chocolates, clear toys and candy canes. Special prices to Sunday schools and Churches. Please call and get our prices. G. Anderson, 44 E. Main street., Bloomsburg, Pa.

For the holiday Bust Photographs and Crayons go to R. B. Grotz, the Artistic Photographer.

Books of all kinds at Mercer's.

H. M. Hockman is selling all his large stock of Christmas toys, doll carriages and rocking horses at cost.

Sterling Silver Hair Brush and Comb for $2.80 and beautifully hand engraved without extra charge at J. E. Roys.

Prices low at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

You can save money by buying your suits and overcoats at Lowenberg's.

Seventy-five different kinds of cups and saucers at L. E. Whary's.

A large line of Juveniles from 5c. to 75c. at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

For anything and everything in up to date Jewelry, Watches, Silver, etc., Hess Bros. certainly are in the lead. Their stock proves it.

In order to display their larger stock of clothing and gent's furnishing goods, and make it more inviting for evening purchasers, two large arc lights are being placed in the D. Lowenberg clothing store.

Hats, caps, shirts, trunks and grips at way down prices at Gross'.

Art, beauty and utility are all combined in L. E. Whary's stock of Christmas goods.

Gloves, seal plush caps and beautiful silk mufflers at money saving prices at the store that undersells them all, Lowenberg's.

See the very fine line of Ladies' Boston Shopping Bags and Coin Purses at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Go to R. B. Grotz for the leading Artistic Christmas Novelties.

A big line of stoves and ranges at L. E. Whary's, Main street below Market.

Cut glass makes a beautiful Xmas gift. We sell none but genuine and the finest quality. J. E. Roys, Jeweler.

50 cent ties in puffs, four-in-hand, and tecks reduced to 25 cents at L. Gross'.

A large line of silver plated spoons, knives and forks at L. E. Whary's.

Don't fail to examine the great stock of clothing at Gross'.

We make them as they should be made, and guarantee the style and finish of our Photographs to be absolutely correct. R. B. Grotz, Photographer.

See J. W. Moyer's line of Xmas Toys.

See the beautiful slippers, an enormous assortment 48c. to 1.50 at Lowenberg's.

A very neat and tasty line of Episcopal prayer books and hymnals at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Positively the finest Baccarettes, French and American glass tumblers from 5 cents each to $3.00 a dozen at L. E. Whary's.

Go to R. B. Grotz for the leading Artistic Christmas Novelties.

Pocket knives, razors, scissors and all kinds of cutlery at Peacock's Hardware Store.

Life Size Crayons at R. B. Grotz' Photographer.

See the large, handsome Jardinieres at L. E. Whary's.

Coffee Pots in nickle, agate, copper etc., at Peacock's.

Everything for men at Lowenberg's. Beautiful neckwear 25c. and 50c.

Decorative porcelains for Christmas Gifts. Fine selected specimens from the most famous patterns of the world at L. E. Whary's.

It is often puzzling what to give for a Christmas present. Doubts as to what to give and how much to pay are resolved into certainties by a visit to L. E. Whary's.

Advice to

Consumptives

There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand.

These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.

What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and

Scott's Emulsion

of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites*. Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES

—IN—

Sterling Silver

We have the most complete line of Sterling Silver Novelties in this county.

A large assortment of Salve Boxes. 35c.; Nail Files, Nail Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Button Hooks, 75c. each. Hair Brush and Comb, $2.80. Pen Knives, Manicure Knives, Pocket Knives, Cloth and Hat Brushes, Match Boxes, Hat Markers, Grip Tags, Whisps, and hundreds of articles too numerous to mention in this space. All Sterling Silver mounted and beautifully hand engraved without extra charge.

J. E. ROYS.

Trimmed and untrimmed hats and fancy feathers greatly reduced in price for remainder of season, at E. Barkley's, Main street, below Market, north side. 2t

The latest styles—lowest prices and most reliable goods always to be found at The Star Clothing House.

A good place to spend your leisure moments in the evening with a friend is Laubach's Billiard Parlor. Fine tables, ivory balls. Shooting gallery attached, under Exchange Hotel.

A great reduction in all kinds of clothing at Gross', must make room for spring goods.

Shirts, night robes, dress shirts and shirts for all purposes go to Townsend's Star Clothing House.

It is not what they say but what they do that makes Hess Bros. store famous for splendid values.

Watch bargains, such as we offer come through careful buying for cash. We know when and where and how to buy watches. You get the benefit of all this when you buy a watch at Hess Bros.

For House Coats, Smoking Jackets and Bath Robes go to Townsend's Star Clothing House.

Solid gold rings, set with opals and other stones for $1.65, any size at J. E. Roys'.

Suspenders from 20c. a pair to 2.50 at Townsend's Star Clothing House.

It is time to buy Xmas presents and Hess Bros. is the place to select them. Biggest assortment, latest novelties, lowest prices.

Buy Jane Hopkins' double seat and knee pants at Gross', no other store in Bloom has them.

Albums cheap at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Carving sets from 75c. to $8.00 at Peacock's Hardware Store.

A fine line of lamps and prices are right at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Xmas! Xmas! Xmas! For real nice presents for gentlemen's wear go to Townsend's Star Clothing House.

The Phillips Studio will be able to finish all Xmas work promptly, having secured the services of an expert assistant.

A solid gold Lady's watch makes a beautiful Xmas gift and only cost $16.50 with Elgin or Waltham movement at J. E. Roys'.

Storm coats and reefers. Storm reefers for men and boys at bargains, now selling at Townsend's Star Clothing House.

Toilet cases and fancy cases of all discriptions at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

For your Xmas Hat go to the Star Clothing House.

The latest novelty—Boston shopping bags and purses—just the thing for Christmas gifts, at James H. Mercer's.

Now for cheap candy and Christmas toys at H. M. Hockman's. He is selling out at cost.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimfull of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, P. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

Christmas Buying.

The thought now is, what shall I buy for my Christmas gift giving, where shall I buy it, shall it be useful or ornamental? Come and see this stock of ours. Below we mention a few lines:

Dress patterns,
Silk waist patterns,
Black dress patterns,
Table cloths and napkins,
Fine towels,
Silk dress patterns,
Nice coat or cape,
Fur capes,
Fur collarettes,
Fur scarfs,
Ladies' and gents umbrellas,
Neckwear,
Ladies' and children's kid gloves,
Silverware.
Jardiniere stands,

Coat Sale.

—o—

You can save money. All Coats at big reductions from former prices in our Coat Sale.

Wood screens,
Framed pictures,
Jewelry.
Sterling silver novelties,
"Cotton's" fine perfumes,
"Colgate's" fine perfumes.
Pocket books,
Handkerchiefs,
Wool and silk mittens,
Blankets and comforts
Table Covers,
Fine Derby curtains,
Fur floor rugs.
Lunch cloths.

And many other goods suitable for gift giving that are useful and ornamental. Come and see the goods, note the styles and prices.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Special Sale of Coats, Capes and Collarettes, at December Cut Prices.

All Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, Capes and Collarettes, are included in this sale. We are not offering a small lot, but a good variety, and well selected styles and qualities. We believe this to be the greatest Cloak Offering ever given to the public of this town and vicinity. Any garment selected now will be reserved until Christmas, provided a fair payment is made at time of selection.

Our whole line of Christmas goods is now open to the public; we never exhibited a larger and finer assortment of fine china and other articles suitable for Presents:—our invitation extends to the people of other Towns, and to the whole county.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Gloves! Gloves! Gloves! If you want a nice Xmas present go to Townsend's Star Clothing House.

From now until January 1st. L. E. Whary will sell handsome dinner sets, decorated, not printed, at $12,00, reduced from $14,00, Call and see them.

J. Saltzer has the largest and most complete stock of Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines and Musical merchandise ever gathered together in Bloomsburg. Among his line of pianos are represented the product of the following celebrated factories: Mason & Hamlin, KrauKauer and the Shoemaker gold string. His stock of organs is from the best makers in the world, including the 7 octave piano case organ. Any one contemplating the purchase of a Sewing Machine should see his line. High arm Singers, standard the world over, are sold on the installment plan, $5 down and $3 per week, Demorest's $19.50. Guitars, Violins, Mandolins, Harmonicas, etc., all prices, also all the latest sheet music at half price. Mr. Saltzer has just added a line of the latest improved talking machines, the Graphophone, varying in price from $12.00 to $25.00. Band music, vocal selections and instrumental music of all kinds reproduced with all the sweetness and expression as they are played by the leading musical organizations of the world. No better Christmas Gift can be found.

If you want a suit, or overcoat, hat, cap or furnishing goods for Christmas presents and save money, go to Gross.

S. R. Bidleman is ready for the Holidays with a full line of beautiful goods. All kinds of games, books, etc.

Buy an Eighme shirt at Gross', no other store in Bloom can sell them.

Nowhere can you find a more complete line of Chinaware than at L. E. Whary's. Salad dishes, Bread plates, Sugar and Cream sets, China cake plates, Gold decorated olive dishes and hosts of other beautiful things for Christmas Gifts. See our stock and be convinced.

Peacock & Co., are showing a beautiful line of Chafing dishes, Baker's Crumb trays and brushes, etc.

Books for Xmas at J. W. Moyer's.

Surprise Producing Pictures.

There is one sort of a surprise you can stand in pictures, and that is when they are surprisingly good. People have come to expect the very best from us, and its pretty hard to surprise them that way. Yet we continue to work surprises in the new and better effects, the desirable finish, and the promptness with which we handle their work. Just at present we are introducing the new Bas Relief pictures, the latest novelty in high class photography. See them in our show case.

—THE—

PHILLIPS STUDIO,

MAIN STREET.

UP TOWN. 11-8

TEXT OF THE MESSAGE.

reverent acknowledgment and offers humble prayer for the continuance of His favor.

The annihilation of Admiral Cervera's fleet, followed by the capitulation of Santiago having brought to the Spanish government a realizing sense of the hopelessness of continuing a struggle, now become wholly unequal, it made overtures of peace through the French Ambassador, who with the assent of his government had acted as the friendly representative of Spanish interests during the war. On the 26th of July M. Cambon presented a communication signed by the Duke of Almodovar, the Spanish Minister of State, inviting the United States to state the terms upon which it would be willing to make peace. On the 30th of July, by a communication addressed to the Duke of Almodovar and handed to M. Cambon, the terms of this Government were announced, substantially as in the protocol afterward signed. On the 10th of August the Spanish reply dated August 7 was handed by M. Cambon to the Secretary of State. It accepted unconditionally the terms imposed as to Cuba, Porto Rico and an island of the Ladrones group, but appeared to seek to introduce inadmissible reservations in regard to our demand as to the Philippine Islands. Conceiving that discussion on this point could neither be practical nor profitable, I directed that in order to avoid misunderstanding the matter should be forthwith closed by proposing the embodiment in formal protocol of the terms upon which the negotiations for peace were to be undertaken. The vague and inexplicit suggestions of the Spanish note could not be accepted, the only reply being to present as a virtual ultimatum a draft of a protocol embodying the precise terms tendered to Spain in our note of July 30, with added stipulations of detail as to the appointment of Commissioners to arrange for the evacuation of the Spanish Antilles. On August 12 M. Cambon announced his receipt of his full powers to sign the protocol so submitted, so accordingly on the afternoon of August 12 M. Cambon as the Plenipotentiary of Spain, and the Secretary of State as the Plenipotentiary of the United States, signed a protocol.

Immediately on the conclusion of the protocol I issued a proclamation of Aug. 12 suspending hostilities on the part of the United States.

Pursuant to the fifth article of the protocol, I appointed William R. Day, lately Secretary of State; Cushman K. Davis, William P. Frye and George Gray, Senators of the United States, and Whitelaw Reid, to be the Peace Commissioners on the part of the United States. Proceeding in due season to Paris, they there met on the 1st of October five Commissioners similarly appointed on the part of Spain. Their negotiations have made hopeful progress, so that I trust soon to be able to lay a definite treaty of peace before the Senate, with a review of the steps leading to its signature.

I do not discuss at this time the government or the future of the new possessions which will come to us as the result of the war with Spain. Such discussion will be appropriate after the treaty of peace shall be ratified. In the meantime, and until the Congress has legislated otherwise, it will be my duty to continue the military governments which have existed since our occupancy and give to the people security in life and property and encouragement under a just and beneficent rule.

As soon as we are in possession of Cuba and have pacified the island, it will be necessary to give aid and direction to its people to form a government for themselves. This should be undertaken at the earliest moment consistent with safety and assured success. It is important that our relations with this people shall be of the most friendly character and our commercial relations close and reciprocal. It should be our duty to assist in every proper way to build up the waste places of the island, encourage the industry of the people, and assist them to form a government which shall be free and independent, thus realizing the best aspirations of the Cuban people. Spanish rule must be replaced by a just, benevolent and humane government, created by the people of Cuba, capable of performing all international obligations, and which shall encourage thrift, industry and prosperity, and promote peace and good will among all of the inhabitants, whatever may have been their relations in the past. Neither revenge nor passion should have a place in the new Government. Until there is complete tranquility in the island and a stable government inaugurated military occupation will be continued.

With the one exception of the rupture with Spain, the intercourse of the United States with the great family of nations has been marked with cordiality, and the close of the eventual year finds most of the issues that necessarily arise in the complex relations of sovereign States adjusted, or presenting no serious obstacle to a just and honorable solution by amicable agreement.

The Nicaragua Canal Commission, under the chairmanship of Rear Admiral John C. Walker, appointed July 24, 1897, under the authority of a provision in the Sundry Civil act of June 4 of that year, has nearly completed its labors, and the results of its exhaustive inquiry into the proper route, the feasibility and the cost of construction of an inter-oceanic canal by a Nicaraguan route will be laid before you. That the construction of such a maritime highway is now more than ever indispensable to that ultimate and ready intercommunication between our Eastern and Western seaboards demanded by the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands and the prospective expansion of our influence and commerce in the Pacific, and that our national policy now more imperatively than ever calls for its control by this Government, are propositions which I doubt not the Congress will duly appreciate and wisely act upon.

The United States has not been an indifferent spectator of the extraordinary events transpiring in the Chinese Empire, whereby portions of its maritime provinces are passing under the control of various European powers; but the prospect that the vast commerce which the energy of our citizens and the necessity of our staple productions for Chinese uses has built up in these regions may not be prejudiced through any exclusive treatment by the new occupants has obviated the need of our country becoming an actor in the scene.

Our relations with Great Britain have continued on the most friendly footing. Assenting to our request, the protection of Americans and their interests in Spanish jurisdiction, was assumed by the diplomatic and consular representatives of Great Britain, who fulfilled their delicate and arduous trust with tact and zeal, eliciting high commendation.

It will give me especial satisfaction if I shall be authorized to communicate to you a favorable conclusion of the pending negotiations with Great Britain in respect to the Dominion of Canada. It is the earnest wish of this Government to remove all sources of discord and irritation in our relations with the neighboring Dominion. The trade between the two countries is constantly increasing, and it is important to both countries that all reasonable facilities should be granted for its development.

Pending the consideration by the Senate of the treaty signed June 16, 1897, by the Plenipotentiaries of the United States and of the republic of Hawaii, providing for the annexation of the Islands, a joint resolution to accomplish the same purpose by accepting the offered cession and incorporating the ceded territory into the Union was adopted by the Congress and approved July 7, 1898. I thereupon directed the United States steamship Philadelphia to convey Rear Admiral Miller to Honolulu and intrusted to his hands this important legislative act to be delivered to the President of the Republic of Hawaii, with whom the Admiral and the United States Minister were authorized to make appropriate arrangements for transferring the sovereignty of the Islands to the United States.

This was simply but impressively accomplished on the 12th of August last by the delivery of a certified copy of the resolution of President Dole, who thereupon yielded up to the representative of the Government of the United States the sovereignty and public property of the Hawaiian Islands. Pursuant to the terms of the joint resolution and in exercise of the authority thereby conferred upon me, I directed that the civil, judicial and military powers heretofore exercised by the officers of the Government of the Republic of Hawaii should continue to be exercised by these officers until Congress shall provide a government for the incorporated territory, subject to my power to remove such officers and to fill vacancies. The President, officers and troops of the Republic thereupon took the oath of allegiance to the United States, thus providing for the uninterrupted continuance of all the administrative and municipal functions of the annexed territory, until Congress shall otherwise enact.

The proposal of the Czar for a general reduction of the vast military establishments that weigh so heavily upon many peoples in time of peace was communicated to this Government, with an earnest invitation to be represented in the conference which it is contemplated to assemble, with a view to discussing the means of accomplishing so desirable a result. His Majesty was at once informed of the cordial sympathy of this Government with the principle involved in his exalted proposal and of the readiness of the United States to take part in the conference.

We desire, in common with most civilized nations, to reduce to the lowest possible point the damage sustained in time of war by peaceable trade and commerce. It is true we may suffer in such cases less than other communities, but all nations are damaged more or less by the state of uneasiness and apprehension into which an outbreak of hostilities throws the entire commercial world. It should be our object, therefore, to minimize so far as practicable this inevitable loss and disturbance. This purpose can probably best be accomplished by an international agreement to regard all private property at sea as exempt from capture or destruction by the forces of belligerent powers. The United States Government has for many years advocated this humane and beneficent principle, and is now in position to recommend it to other powers without the imputation of selfish motives. I therefore suggest for your consideration that the Executive be authorized to correspond with the governments of the principal maritime powers with a view of incorporating into the permanent law of civilized nations the principle of the exemption of all private property at sea, not contraband of war, from capture or destruction by belligerent powers.

The Secretary of the Treasury reports that the receipts of the Government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, including $64,751,223 received from sale of Pacific railroads, amounted to $405,322,335, and its expenditures to $443,368,582. There was collected from customs $149,575,068 and from internal revenue $170,900,641.

It is estimated upon the basis of present revenue laws that the receipts of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1899, will be $577,874,647, and its expenditures $689,874,647, resulting in a deficiency of $112,000,000. On the 1st of December, 1898, there was held in the Treasury gold coin amounting to $138,441,547, gold bullion amounting to $138,502,545, silver bullion amounting to $93,359,259, and other forms of money amounting to $451,963,981. On the same date the amount of money of all kinds in circulation or not included in Treasury holdings was $1,886,879,504, an increase for the year of $165,794,966. Estimating our population at 75,194,000 at the time mentioned the per capita circulation was $25.09. On the same date there was in the Treasury gold bullion amounting to $128,502,545.

In my judgment, the present condition of the Treasury amply justifies the immediate enactment of the legislation recommended one year ago, under which a portion of the gold holdings should be placed in a trust fund, from which greenbacks should be redeemed upon presentation, but when once redeemed should not thereafter be paid out except for gold. It is not to be inferred that other legislation relating to our currency is not required; on the contrary, there is an obvious demand for it. The importance of adequate provision which will insure to our future a money standard, related as our money standard now is to that of our commercial rivals, is generally recognized. The companion proposition, that our domestic paper currency shall be kept safe, and yet be so related to the needs of our industries and internal commerce as to be adequate and responsible to such needs, is a proposition scarcely less important. The subject in all its parts is commended to the wise consideration of the Congress.

The annexation of Hawaii and the changed relations of the United States in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines resulting from the war compel the prompt adoption of a maritime policy by the United States.

There should be established regular and frequent steamship communication encouraged by the United States, under the American flag, with the newly acquired islands, Spain furnished to its colonies, at an annual cost of about $2,000,000, steamship lines communicating with a portion of the world's markets as well as with trade centers of the home Government. The United States will not undertake to do less. In my last annual message I recommended that Congress authorize the appointment of a commission for the purpose of making systematic investigations with reference to the cause and prevention of yellow fever. I therefore renew my recommendation that the authority of Congress may be given and a suitable appropriation made to provide for a commission of experts to be appointed for the purpose indicated.

Under the act of Congress approved April 26, 1898, authorizing the President, in his discretion, "upon a declaration of war by Congress or a declaration by Congress that war exists," I directed the increase of the regular army to the maximum of 62,900 authorized in said act. There are now in the regular army 57,862 officers and men. The importance of legislation for the permanent increase of the army is therefore manifest, and the recommendation of the Secretary of War for that purpose has my unqualified approval. There can be no question that at this time, and probably for some time in the future, one hundred thousand will be none too many to meet the necessities of the situation. At all events, whether that number shall be required permanently or not, the power should be given to the President to enlist that force if in his discretion it should be necessary, and the further discretion should be given him to recruit for the army within the above limit from the inhabitants of the islands with the government of which we are charged.

It is my purpose to muster out the entire volunteer army as soon as the Congress shall provide for the increase of the regular establishment. This will be only an act of justice, and will be much appreciated by the brave men who left their homes and employments to help the country in its emergency.

I join with the Secretary of the Navy in recommending that the grades of Admiral and Vice-Admiral be temporarily revived to be filled by officers who have specially distinguished themselves in the war with Spain. There were on the pension rolls on June 30, 1898, 993,714 names, an increase of nearly 18,000 over the number on the rolls on the same day of the preceding year. The amount appropriated by the act of December 22, 1898, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year of 1898 was $140,000,000 ($8,070,872.46 was appropriated by the act of March 31, 1898, to cover deficiencies in army pensions and repayments in the sum of $12,020.33, making a total of $148,082,092.79 available for the payment of pensions during the fiscal year 1898). The amount disbursed from that sum was $144,651,879.80, leaving a balance of $3,431,012.99 unexpended on the 30th of June, 1898, which was converted into the Treasury. There were 389 names added to the rolls during the year by special acts passed at the second session of the Fifty-fifth Congress, making a total of 36,486 pensions by Congressional enactments since 1861.

In the year 1900 will occur the centennial anniversary of the founding of the City of Washington for the permanent capital of the Government of the United States by authority of an act of Congress approved July 16, 1790. In May, 1800, the archives and general offices of the Federal Government were removed to this place. On the 17th of November, 1800, the National Congress met here for the first time, and assumed exclusive control of the Federal district and city. This interesting event assumes all the more significance when we recall the circumstances attending the choosing of the site, the naming of the capital in honor of the father of his country, and the interest taken by him in the adoption of plans for its future development on a magnificent scale. A movement lately inaugurated by the citizens to have the anniversary celebrated with fitting ceremonies, including perhaps the establishment of a handsome permanent memorial to mark so historical an occasion and to give it more than local recognition has met with general favor on the part of the public.

I recommend to the Congress the granting of an appropriation for this purpose and the appointment of a committee from its respective bodies. It might also be advisable to authorize the President to appoint a committee from the country at large, which, acting with the Congressional and District of Columbia Committee, can complete the plans for an appropriate national celebration.

The several departmental reports will be laid before you. They give in great detail the conduct of the affairs of the Government during the past year, and discuss many questions upon which the Congress may be feel called upon to act.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 5, 1898.

GERMANY FIGHTS OUR MEAT.

Exclusion Acts as a Boomerang to Her Own Subjects.

Berlin, Dec. 5.—The Imperial Meat Inspection bill, which was introduced in the reichstag early in the session, is now taking a surprising turn.

The agrarians themselves, for whose special benefit the bill was intended, now strongly object to it, unless, as they assert, it is greatly altered.

They find that the bill in its present form cuts them nearly as much as it does the American meat importers, inasmuch as it provides for a rigid inspection of their own meat when it is brought to market, and for its rejection or confiscation if it is found to be diseased.

Therefore, since there is an enormous amount of disease in German cattle and swine, as shown by official statistics and the regular publications of the Reichsanzeiger, all this will hit them hard unless the government will agree to reimburse the owners of confiscated or rejected meats.

Strong pressure has been brought to bear on the imperial governmtnt to insert a clause in the bill providing indemnity for domestic owners, and over this clause a wrangle is now proceeding between the various German governments.

Prussia favors moderate indemnities, while the other German states are nearly all against them.

Agreement on this important point appears to be extremely doubtful, and, therefore, there is a strong possibility of the bill not reaching the reichstag this season.

It is also certain that the Center, without whose votes the bill cannot pass, is divided on the subject. The majority, representing the industrial districts of the Rhine and Westphalia, refuse to vote for any such bill.

In the meanwhile the Agrarian press continues its warfare on all American meat, its main organ, the Deutsche Tage Zeitung, and the Hamburger Nachrichten advocating the total exclusion of all American canned meats and sausages.

In strange contrast with this is a memorial about the meat famine, drawn up by the municipality of Berlin, which proves that the German breeders do not raise enough cattle and pigs to satisfy the needs of the nation and that the systematic exclusion of foreign cattle and swine has lowered the quality of the meat brought to the market and has heightened the price to such an extent that horse and even dog meat has become staple with the poorer classes in certain districts, and notably in the large cities.

The memorial also proves that the meat consumption of Berlin has decreased since the rigid exclusion of foreign meats.

The German Agrarian press, on the other hand, publishes alleged official statistics to show that the import of American pork increased enormously during the current year and may reach the figures of 1897.

One of the largest Berlin wholesale dealers writes to the Vossiche Zeitung, saying that the statement in the Agrarian press that much of the imported American flour is adulterated is utterly untrue.

He adds that not a single case of adulteration has been discovered in the Berlin market.

German dealers in America have also forwarded to the Imperial Hygenic Bureau a protest against these prejudicial statements.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,

TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars·

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,
or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

"All weather is alike to me" I wear the kind that "RETAIN THEIR SHAPE."

"That's the kind I'm looking for. I'll order a suit from their agent immediately."

MADE TO ORDER BY

EDWARD E. STRAUSS & CO.

America's Popular Tailors, Chicago.

(AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE IN THE U. S. AND TERRITORIES.)

THAT'S JUST IT!

You can't always tell by the looks of a garment how it is going to WEAR.

WHY NOT

Get the WEAR as well as the looks, when you can have both at the same

PRICE. $12.00

Is the starting point of those

Edward E. Strauss & Co.'s Famous Custom Tailored Suits and Overcoats

With an ironclad guarantee thrown in free.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To examine this line, and leave your order for one of these handsome garments.

CALL ON

L. GROSS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

With Reference to Policies.

The supreme court handed down an opinion a few days ago that a wife cannot assign an insurance policy as collateral for a debt of her husband. The case was an appeal from a decision of the Monroe county court.

The pains of rheumatism should be reminded that a cure for this disease may be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. The experience of those who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for rheumatism, and have been completely and permanently cured, prove the power of this medicine to rout and conquer this disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and it neutralizes the acid which causes the aches and pains of rheumatism. This is why it absolutely cures when liniments and other outward applications fail to give permanent relief. Be sure to get Hood's.

Lieutenant Siviter has since July recruited over 2000 men in this section, as follows: Reading, 384; Pottsville, 100; Shamokin, 250; Williamsport, 100; Shenandoah, 240; Hazleton, 200; Wilkes-Barre, 680, Scranton and Carbondale, 200.

WHILE THERE IS LIFE THERE IS HOPE.

I WAS afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured me. —MARCUS G. SHAUTZ, RAHWAY, N. J.

THE BALM reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, MRS. FRANKLIN FREEMAN, DOVER, N. H.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. ELY BROTHERS, 56 WARREN ST., N. Y.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

"How's business asked the trolley car fender of the cash register. "Oh, fare," returned the latter; "how is it with you?" "Seems to be picking up a lot." And just then the conductor called out "Chestnut!"

DELIGHTFUL RELIEF FROM CATARRH—Here is one of a thousand such testimonies. The Rev. A. D. Buckley, of Buffalo, says: I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of Catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured after using it for two months.—67.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

"Say, weary, some of dese here army clothes look nice ernough ter make a feller wish he wuz a sojer." "Aw, wat yer givin' us? Dere's only one uniform in de whole push w'at would suit me." "What's dat—a general's?" "Nit. A fatigue uniform."

DECEMBER JURORS.

TRAVERSE JURORS, SECOND MONDAY, 10 A. M.

Benton Boro Thos Stevenson, A W Wilkinson.
Benton Twp—A W Drescher, Clinton Hartman.
Berwick—Warren Jacoby.
Bloomsburg—Charles Culp, Martin Erastmus, J W Eyer, Wm Gerringer, Wesley Hippensteel, Thos Sands, Elias Utt, Thos Webb.
Briarcreek—Samuel Conner.
Catawissa Boro—George S Gilbert.
Centralia—David C Black, Bernard Darrah, Wm Doyle.
Centre—Norman Smith.
Conyngham—Daniel Roach.
Fishingcreek—Reuben Boston, Samuel J Harrison.
Hemlock—John H Miller.
Jackson—Emanuel Yorks.
Locust—John Oliver.
Madison—H J Gingles, Baltis Sterling.
Main—J A Fisher.
Millin—H V Bower.
Mt Pleasant—Frank P Davis.
Orange—J E Hayhurst.
Pine—H E Watts.
Roaringcreek—Leander Fetterman.
Scott—J E Boone, R C Johnson, David Shettler.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 20, '98

Scranton(D & H) lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Pittston " "	$ 6 45	$ 9 30	‖ 2 18	$ 4 27	
	7 08	110 0	1 2 40	4 52	
Wilkesbarre..lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Plym'th Ferry "	$ 7 30	$10 17	‖ 3 12	$ 6 00	
Nanticoke..... "	‖ 7 38	10 26	‖ 3 21	‖ 6 08	
Mocanaqua.... "	7 46	10 27	3 30	6 17	
Wapwallopen.. "	8 04	10 45	3 50	6 37	
Nescopeck .....ar	8 13	10 55	3 58	6 47	
	8 24	11 10	4 10	7 00	
Pottsville.....lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Hazleton ..... "	$ 6 00	$	$12 35	$	
Tomhicken..... "	7 18	11 35	2 00	5 50	
Fern Glen..... "	7 25	11 45	2 10	6 10	
Rock Glen..... "	7 34	11 54	2 28	6 13	
Nescopeck..... ar	7 43	11 40	2 35	6 35	
	8 07	.....	3 00	6 50	
Nescopeck.....lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Creasy..... "	$ 8 14	$11 10	‖ 4 10	$ 7 00	
Espy Ferry.... "	8 38	Via	4 18	7 09	
E. Bloomsburg"	‖ 8 43	Rock	‖ 4 25	7 18	
	8 47	Glen	4 30	7 23	
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	12 20	P. M. 4 26	7 30	
Catawissa..... lv	8 55	12 20	4 46	7 30	
S. Danville.... "	9 14	12 38	5 05	7 47	
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 17	8 10	
Sunbury..... lv	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Lewisburg ... ar	‖ 9 45	$ 1 10	$ 5 45	‖ 9 35	
Milton..... "	10 15	1 45	6 18	.....	
Williamsport.. "	10 10	1 39	6 14	9 56	
Lock Haven.. "	11 00	2 30	7 10	10 40	
Renovo ..... "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....	
Kane..... "	A. M.	4 40	9 00	.....	
	.....	9 05	.....	.....	
Lock Haven...lv	P. M.	P. M.			
Bellefonte.....ar	12 10	3 45	.....	.....	
Tyrone..... "	1 05	4 44	.....	.....	
Phillipsburg.... "	2 15	6 10	.....	.....	
Clearfield..... "	4 23	8 26	.....	.....	
Pittsburg ..... "	5 07	9 09	.....	.....	
	6 55	11 30	.....	.....	
Sunbury..... lv	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Harrisburg....ar	‖ 9 50	$ 1 55	$ 5 25	$ 8 31	
	‖ 11 30	$ 3 20	6 55	$10 10	
Philadelphia .ar	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Baltimore..... "	$ 3 00	‖ 6 38	‖10 20	‖ 4 50	
Washington "	3 11	‖ 6 00	‖ 9 45	6 35	
	4 10	‖ 7 15	‖10 15	7 45	
Sunbury lv	A. M.	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	‖10 05	$ 2 25	.....	.....	
Pittsburg..... "	P. M.				
	12 05	$ 4 23	.....	.....	
	$ 6 55	‖11 30	.....	.....	
Harrisburg..... lv	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Pittsburg.....ar	‖ 11 45	13 50	‖ 7 30	‖10 30	
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	
	‖ 6 55	‖11 30	‖ 2 00	$ 5 30	

$ Weekdays. Daily. ‖ Flag station

Pittsburg..... lv	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg.....ar	‖ 7 05	‖ 8 30	‖ 2 50	‖ 8 00
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
	‖ 2 00	‖ 3 40	‖ 9 10	‖ 3 10
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	.....	.....	A. M.
Lewistown Jc."	.....	† 7 30	.....	† 8 00
Sunbury..... ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	P. M.
				† 3 05
				† 5 00
Washington....lv	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Baltimore..... "	‖10 40	.....	† 7 50	‖10 50
Philadelphia... "	‖11 55	‖ 4 55	† 8 59	‖12 00
	‖11 20	‖ 4 30	‖ 8 30	‖12 25
Harrisburg..... lv	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Sunbury..... ar	‖ 3 35	‖ 8 05	‖11 40	† 4 00
	‖ 5 05	‖ 9 40	1 10	† 5 40
Pittsburg..... lv	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Clearfield..... "	‖12 45	.....	$ 2 50	$ 8 00
Phillipsburg.. "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Tyrone..... "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Bellefonte..... "	7 15	.....	† 8 10	12 30
Lock Haven...ar	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
	9 30	.....	10 30	2 48
Erie..... lv	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Kane..... "	‖ 4 30	.....	.....	.....
Renovo..... "	7 55	.....	† 6 25	.....
Lock Haven.... "	11 16	† 6 40	10 30	.....
	11 58	† 7 33	11 35	‖ 3 00
Williamsport.. "	A. M.		P. M.	
Milton ..... "	12 55	‖ 8 30	‖12 40	4 00
Lewisburg..... "	1 50	9 19	1 27	4 52
Sunbury..... ar	.....	9 05	1 15	4 47
	2 21	9 45	1 55	5 20
Sunbury..... lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
S. Danville..... "	‖ 6 10	‖ 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 43
Catawissa..... "	6 33	10 17	2 21	6 07
E. Bloomsburg"	6 54	10 35	2 37	6 24
Espy Ferry..... "	Via	10 43	2 43	6 32
Creasy ..... "	Rock	f10 47	2 47	f 6 36
Nescopeck .... ar	Glen.	10 56	2 55	6 46
	8 07	11 10	3 10	6 59
Nescopeck..... lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Rock Glen..... ar	.....	†11 10	†4 15	† 7 05
Fern Glen..... "	† 7 36	11 35	4 40	7 31
Tomhicken..... "	7 47	11 43	4 46	7 37
	7 58	11 54	4 55	7 46
Hazleton ..... "	8 22	P. M. 12 18	5 15	8 05
Pottsville . . "	11 30	2 08	6 25	....
Nescopeck..... lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wapwallopen.ar	† 8 07	‖11 10	† 3 10	† 6 59
Mocanaqua..... "	8 18	11 22	3 19	7 08
Nanticoke ..... "	8 28	11 32	3 30	7 21
	8 48	11 54	3 50	7 42
Plym'th Ferry "	† 8 56	P. M. 12 02	4 00	7 52
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
Pittston(D & H) ar	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton " "	† 9 39	‖12 49	† 4 52	† 8 36
	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

† Weekdays. ‖ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading Railway

Engines Burn Hard Coal—No Smoke

In effect July 1, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.40 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30 a. m. 3.40.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00. 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia, 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m. 1.30 3.40, 6 08

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.58, 9.18 11.40 a. m., 1.58 3.50, 6.30.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect Oct. 4, 1898.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00 4.00, 5.00 p.m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 6.30 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot, : WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35, 9 00 a. m., 3 30, 5.30 p. m. Accom., 8.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 4.00, 7.30 p. m. Accom., 7 15 a m., 4.15 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City and Ocean City, Weekdays—9.00 a m., additional for Cape May, 4.15 p. m., for Sea Isle City, 5.00 p m., for Ocean City, 4.15, 5.00 p. m. Sundays—Chestnut street, 9.15 a. m., South street, 9.00 a. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Permanent Positions.

For a few men and women who have plenty of energy and business ability, to hire and superintend agents. $40 a month and all expenses at the start. P. W. Ziegler & Co., 218 Locust St., Phila. 11-24-d46

THE RICHEST MAN.

UNCLE RUSSEL SAGE GIVES ADVICE TO A BOY.

The Sage of Wall Street Thinks There Are As Many Opportunities Today as Ever—Believes Absolute Honesty to Be Necessary to the Accumulation of Wealth.

If there is a man in New York who is competent to give advice on the science of making money it is Russell Sage. He started without worldly advantages and he has piled up a fortune of forty or fifty million dollars.

He made every penny of it himself, and he is making more right along. Russell Sage has devoted his whole life to making money. He has practically no other pleasure. He does not even care for power, as do most men who have accumulated large fortunes. He looks upon display as a waste.

A boy went to Mr. Sage to get his advice. He was very bright, self-reliant youth, and he honestly wished for Mr. Sage's opinion. The rich man talked to him more openly than it is likely that he would have talked to a man.

The youth first met Mr. Sage coming out of his office, and requested an interview. The financier said that he was very busy that day, and he wasn't sure that he could spare time any day.

The boy went back to the office again and persuaded the cashier to admit him to Mr. Sage's room. The millionaire was tipped back in a chair, his feet resting against a radiator. He was examining the tape of a stock ticker.

"I have come," said the caller, "to ask you about things that are of deep interest to me and to all young men just starting out on their careers. Will you try to answer them as if you were advising your own sons."

"Why, yes; I'll answer them to the best of my ability," he replied.

"What are the opportunities for boys to get rich nowadays? Are there as many opportunities as there were fifteen or twenty years ago?"

"Of course there are," responded Mr. Sage with energy. "There are chances now to make money in something besides real estate. There are more men in the field now, but the field is wider. I think that there is as great a chance for boys to get rich now as there was fifteen or even twenty-five years ago. At any rate, there is always room for bright young men. Conditions never change in that respect."

RUSSELL SAGE.

"Do you think that there is any one business or profession that offers more opportunities than the others? There is a complaint met with everywhere about overcrowding."

"I do not think there is any one special avenue which offers chances better than others. It depends largely upon the man."

"What about your business, Mr. Sage? Is there an opening in it for a bright young man?"

The financier chuckled in his peculiar way and took his feet down from the radiator. He was becoming interested. He looked at the quotations, which may or may not have meant much to him, before he answered.

"Yes," he said, "I believe that my line still offers opportunities for young men to get wealth. But I won't say that it offers better chances than any other business. You must know that it is not every young man who can make it a success."

Again Mr. Sage looked at the ticker and his thoughts flew away. His questioner asked him how he had started in life, particularly about his boyhood, of which almost nothing has ever been printed.

"Well, I started out very young," replied the man who is worth more than $40,000,000. "I was only fifteen years old when I began as a clerk in a store. I slaved in that store for four years. When I was nineteen I started in business for myself.

"And you have never worked for any one but yourself since?"

"No; I have been my own employer ever since."

There was a suggestion of triumph in Mr. Sage's tone. It was plain that the thought gave him great satisfaction.

"Did you have many hard struggles before you reached the top of the ladder?"

"I had many hard knocks. Every young man must expect that when he starts out."

"How long did you go to school? What kind of an education did you have?"

"I educated myself," was the reply, and again that shade of triumph was in his voice. "I used to study at night and got my knowledge at odd times. I belonged to a debating society, too. I used to be one of the best speakers in the club."

This will surprise many people who are familiar only with the later years of Mr. Sage's life. It surprised the boy, who had read a deal about him. He said something about Mr. Sage giving up public speaking.

"No," returned Mr. Sage, "I kept up public speaking for many years, until I became so old that my voice weakened.

"Do you think a boy should have any special training for a business career?"

"No. All knowledge comes in handy when you are in an office. I did a lot of general reading when I was a boy and I have never regretted it."

"Would you advise a young man to go to college if he can?"

"A college education comes in handy in the way that I have mentioned. It adds to the young man's fund of general knowledge. Most young men could spend four years to better advantage, though."

"What would you suggest as a good investment for a young man's savings?" he was asked. "You know that there are thousands of young men who have saved from $50 to $100 who are at a loss to know what to do with it. Is there any way in which so small a sum can be invested?"

"Certainly. There are a number of ways in which a young man can place his money so that it will yield him a good return. He could buy one share in a good railroad stock or the shares of some solid bank would be a good thing. If he hasn't money enough to buy a whole share he can find some companies which sell half and even quarter shares. But he must be very careful. Let him be sure that it is perfectly good stock and that he is in no danger of losing his capital. When he makes a profit on the principal he may be a little more reckless, perhaps. But no young man should ever lose his principal, for if he does, he must start all over again."

"Then you don't believe in the axiom, 'Nothing risk, nothing gain?'"

"That's all very well, but you must never risk your principal."

The caller said that he had been sometimes asked to invest a few dollars in speculating in corn and wheat and stock.

"Don't ever do it," said Mr. Sage vigorously. "You would lose everything."

"If a young man saves his money and invests in one or two good shares at a time, there is no reason why he should not be rich, is there?"

"None in the world, but few youths realize that," declared the financier.

There was a point which troubled the young man seeking advice. He asked Mr. Sage if he thought honesty was necessary in order to succeed in business and if most millionaires were honest.

"Why, of course a man must be honest in his dealings, or he would soon cease to be trusted by those with whom he does business," declared Mr. Sage. "The millionaires of to-day must have been honest or they would not be rich. It is impossible for a dishonest man to stay rich any length of time."

Another thing that bothered the young man was put in the form of a question:

"Do millionaires sometimes feel that their wealth is a burden and that they would rather not have so much money?"

"Do I look as if my money was a burden?" asked Mr. Sage. "Wealth cannot become a burden unless it is foolishly invested. When you have your money in safe hands it cannot help being a comfort. To me, of course, it is a pleasure. I might have been as happy without it, but I would not care to make the experiment."

He laughed heartily at the suggestion and then his face soured. "I knew once what it was to be without it," he said, "and that is why I am not making a show with it now."

When Mr. Sage dismissed his caller he invited the young man to come again, saying: "I will be glad to talk with you. I take a great interest in boys."

It is interesting to know how this man, about whom so many hard things are said in Wall street, impressed the youth who had gone to him for advice.

"I shall always remember him as a kind and fatherly old gentleman," says the boy, "who took a deep and genuine interest in me and in all boys. He gave me time that I am sure was worth a lot of money and out of pure good will and generosity."

There are no boys in Russell Sage's home, no children at all. The lonely old man has long passed the three score and ten allotted to man. Standing in the shadow of declining years, perhaps the sorrow of his childless life makes him feel a tender interest in other people's boys.

How the Brahmin Cleans His Teeth.

When the Brahmin cleans his teeth he must use a small twig cut from one of a number of certain trees, and before he cuts it he must make his act known to the gods of the woods.

He must not indulge in this cleanly habit every day. He must abstain on the sixth, the eighth, the ninth, the fourteenth, the fifteenth, and the last day of the moon, on the days of new and full moon, on the Tuesday in every week, on the day of the constellation under which he was born, on the day of the week and on the day of the month which correspond with those of his birth, at an eclipse, at the conjunction of the planets, at the equinoxes and other unlucky epochs, and also on the anniversary of the death of his father or mother.

Anyone who cleans his teeth with his bit of stick on any of the above mentioned days will have hell as his portion.

Citizen—"They say that opposite dispositions attract wan another. Do yez belave ut?"

Riley—"Shure an' Oi do thot. Oi nivvir kin meet an Orangeman widout clinching wid him on th' shpot."

A STARTLED MOTHER

Strange Happening to Her Four-year Old Daughter—Did not Realize the Danger Until too Late.

From the Bulletin, Freeport, Ill.

While busy at work in her home, Mrs. William Shay, corner of Taylor and Hancock Avenues, Freeport, Ill., was startled by hearing a noise just behind her.

Turning quickly she saw creeping toward her, her four-year-old daughter, Beatrice. The child moved over the floor with an effort, but seemed filled with joy at finding her mother.

Beatrice Shay.

The rest of the happening is best told in the mother's own words. She said:

"On the 28th of Sept. 1896, while in the bloom of health Beatrice was suddenly and severely afflicted with spinal meningitis. Strong and vigorous before, in five weeks she became feeble and suffered from a paralytic stroke which twisted her head back to the side and made it impossible for her to move a limb. Her speech however was not affected. We called in our family doctor, one of the most experienced and successful practitioners in the city. He considered the case a very grave one.

"The child's body was bandaged to keep her in position. Soon it was seen that other means must be adopted. Little Beatrice, much against her will, was housed up in a plaster paris jacket which she wore for several months.

"In the hope of receiving some help for the child we consulted in turn nine of the most prominent physicians of Freeport. Two of them applied electric batteries, but none of the doctors' treatment gave any lasting benefit. It was then that my husband's opportune visit to a drug store brought us the means which led to the cure of our child. While there he learned of the wonderful power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and decided to buy some for our daughter's benefit.

"We tried them and the hopes which we had fixed regarding their merits were much more than realized before one box of the pills had been used.

"Busy in my kitchen one afternoon I was startled with the cry of 'Mamma' from little Beatrice who was creeping toward me. I had placed her on an improvised bed in the parlor comfortably close to the fireside and given her some books and playthings. She became tired of waiting for me to come back and made up her mind to go to me, so her story 'My Pink Pills made me walk,' which she tells everyone who comes to our house, was then for the first time verified. She has walked ever since. She has now taken about nine boxes of the pills and her pale and pinched face has been growing rosy, and her limbs gained strength day by day. She sleeps all night long now, while before taking the pills she could rest but a few hours at a time.

"I shall be glad if anything that I can say for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, may be of benefit to those in pain. There must be many children who suffer as Beatrice did and I hope that my story will be noticed by their parents."

A specific for all forms of weakness is obtained in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The blood is vitalized and becomes pregnant with the elements of life. The nervous system is reorganized, all irregularities are corrected, strength returns and disease disappears. So remarkable have been the cures performed by these pills that their fame has spread to the far ends of civilization. Wherever you go you will find the most important article in every drug store to be Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

When you want to look on the bright side of things, use

SAPOLIO

A LOCAL Disease
A Climatic Affection
Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.
Get a well-known SPECIFIC
Ely's Cream Balm
It is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.
Allays Inflammation Heals and Protects the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine, No Mercury No Injurious drug. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c, at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

COLD IN HEAD
Membrane. Restores the

EXECUTORS' SALE
—OF VALUABLE—
REAL ESTATE

The undersigned, executors of the estate of John Zaner, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased, will expose to sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, DEC. 27, 1893,

At ten o'clock a. m.

Late the homestead property of the late John Zaner, deceased, located at Zaner's station, on the B. & S. R. R., bounded and described as follows, viz:

LOT NO. 1.—Beginning at a stake, corner in line of land of Daniel Whitenight, and in east line of B. & S. R. R.; thence north seventy and one-half degrees east ninety-one and eight-tenths perches along land of said Whitenight to a corner, in line of land of James and Warren Coleman; thence along said Coleman land north forty-seven degrees west fifty-three and six-tenths perches to a white oak; thence along same land and other land of the John Zaner estate, north twenty-three and one-half degrees west one hundred and seventy-nine perches to a stone corner; thence along same Zaner estate seventeen and one-half degrees east forty perches to a stone corner, on east side of B. & S. R. R.; thence along land of Daniel McHenry north seventy-two and three-quarters degrees west seven perches to a stake; thence along land of said McHenry south thirty-nine degrees west forty perches to a stake; thence along land of T. H. Edgar south thirty-four degrees west seventy-one and seven-tenths perches to a stake in the creek; thence south thirteen degrees west twenty two and six-tenths perches to a corner stake; thence south one-half degree east fifty-nine perches to an original maple corner, common corner, of land of T. H. Edgar, Ellis Stoker, and said Zaner estate; thence along land of Ellis Stoker south forty degrees east eighty perches to a corner; thence south twenty-five degrees east three perches to a corner in public road, near the west end of bridge across the main branch of Fishingcreek; thence west fifty and three-quarters degrees east twenty-nine and five-tenths perches to spike in public road, and in line of B. & S. R. R. (right of way); thence north eighty-three and one-half degrees east four perches across said railroad to a stake; thence along the said railroad south six and a quarter degrees east fifty-six and four-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

137 ACRES

and one hundred and thirty-four perches, strict measure, also belonging to same tract.

LOT NO. 2.—Beginning at an original and common corner of land of Whitenight, Wm. Stoker, Ellis Stoker, and said Zaner estate, large butternut witness; thence north twenty-five degrees west along land of Ellis Stoker, forty-six perches to a corner in public road, near west side of bridge, above mentioned in lot No. 1; thence north fifty and three-quarters degrees east twenty-nine and five-tenths perches to a spike in said road; thence along B. & S. R. R. south six and a quarter degrees east twenty-nine and eight-tenths perches to a corner; thence along lot of said Railroad Company south fifty-five and three-quarters degrees west seven and five-tenths perches to a corner; thence south twenty degrees east twenty-four and nine-tenths perches to a stake, in line of land of Daniel Whitenight; thence south seventy and one-half degrees west nine and five-tenths perches across Fishingcreek, to the place of beginning, containing

5 ACRES

and forty-three perches, strict measure, also belonging to same tract.

LOT NO. 3.—Beginning at a stone corner of the Zaner farm, and land of James and Warren Coleman; thence north sixty-three and three-quarters degrees east sixty-three perches to a stone corner; thence along same land north twenty-seven and one-half degrees west one hundred and seven and five-tenths perches to corner of Golder's land; thence along Golder's land south sixty-three and three-quarters degrees west twenty-one perches; thence along land of Daniel McHenry south sixteen and three-quarters degrees west fourteen and five-tenths perches to a stone corner; thence along land of said Zaner estate south seventeen and one-half degrees west forty perches to stone corner; thence along the same south twenty-three and one-half degrees east sixty-nine and two-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

35 ACRES

and twenty perches, altogether containing 178 ACRES and 37 PERCHES, upon which are erected

TWO SETS FRAME BUILDINGS.

The same will also be offered in two tracts, if purchasers desire. The land is well watered, mostly level, in a high state of cultivation, and lies along the bank of Fishingcreek.

ALSO,

The following tract of land, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone, formerly black oak, corner of land of Jacob Karns; thence by land of said Jacob Karns north seventeen and one-half degrees east one hundred and sixty-three and five-tenths perches to a stone; thence by land of William Ikeler south seventy-six and one-half degrees east seventy-four and five-tenths perches to a post; thence by land of Ellis S. Stoker south eighty degrees west one hundred and thirty-eight perches to a post; thence by land of John and Sylvester Pealer south eighty-three and a quarter degrees west one hundred and seven perches to the place of beginning, containing

79 ACRES

and one hundred and six perches, strict measure, and also adjoining thereto and part thereof, a tract of land, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north and east by land of John Zaner, south and southwest by lands of Geo. Pealer, and public road, leading from Fishingcreek to Rohrsburg, containing

40 PERCHES,

more or less. Altogether containing 79 ACRES and 146 perches, the same being vacant.

TERMS OF SALE:—Twenty per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; twenty per cent. April 1, 1899, at which time possession will be given, and the balance January 1st following, with interest from April 1, 1899.

WM. CHRISMAN,
LLOYD ZANER,
12-1-3t EXECUTORS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between J. S. Blue and P. B. Heddens, of Bloomsburg, under the firm name of Blue & Heddens, was dissolved this day by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said P. B. Heddens, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to the said P. B. Heddens for payment.

J. S. BLUE,
P. B. HEDDENS.
Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 18, 1898. 3t

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Direct with persons in Berwick, Catawissa, Danville, Riverside, Rupert, Willow Grove, Almedia, Lightstreet, Lime Ridge, Mifflinville, Millville, Rohrsburg, Nescopeck, Orangeville, Stillwater and Benton. Also long distance lines to nearly all the towns in the different States. Rates reasonable. Local exchange over Postoffice.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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WM. H MAGILL,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

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No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bat rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

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A good sewing machine, 6 drawers, Price only $5.00. Address,
THE COLUMBIAN,
tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

Printer's Machinery for Sale.

Any printer in need of any of the following, will do well to correspond with us. We have for sale, in good condition, a Carleton, Caps & Co., Stereotype outfit complete; a Hercules Stapling Machine, a small Washington hand press. Address.
THE COLUMBIAN,
tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

Clark & Son's store is very prettily decorated with holly.

W. S. Rishton has his stock of Christmas Gifts ready for you.

The entrances to the Leader store are incased in Christmas evergreens.

A beautiful art study given with every dollar spent for perfumery at W. S. Rishton's.

Read this week's special announcement column for bargains in Christmas gifts.

The American people will know hereafter how much trouble $20,000,000 will buy.

Read our special offers to subscribers and see what a big dollar's worth you can get.

A portion of the roof of the wood shop at the School Furnishing Company was blown off by the heavy wind Sunday night.

J. F. Tooley & Co. have opened a new grocery store in the room formerly occupied by J. F. Corser's shoe store.

A window was blown in at the residence of D. R. Coffman, during the wind storm Sunday night, a piece of the glass striking Mrs. Coffman on the head, inflicting a wound.

The house and lot belonging to the estate of W. H. Yetter deceased, on the corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, was sold last Saturday to Henry J. Miller for $3000.

Alexander Bros. & Co.'s show windows have on their holiday attire. Smokers' articles of every description fill the lower one, and the upper one contains many varieties of neatly boxed confectionery.

Jonathan Bennager, aged fifty years, of Milton committed suicide on Monday by shooting himself through the heart. The loss of his wife a short time ago is probably the cause of his rash act. He was a carpenter by trade, and leaves two small children.

This week, and the next two weeks, large editions of this paper will be printed, and a copy will be put in every house in Bloomsburg. This will give advertisers an unusual opportunity to announce their holiday attractions.

William Kase West, Esq., of Danville, lost a $125 gun one night last week, at Titel's hotel, in that place. It was left in care of the bartender, and somebody stole it from behind the bar. His loss is some thief's gain.

The merchants have prepared inviting scenes for their customers, and the stores are already beginning to be thronged with holiday gift purchasers. Many of the dealers make their announcements in this issue. Read them.

Sunday evening, about church time, there was some pretty rough weather. It rained and the wind blew fiercely, making it impossible to carry an umbrella. To make it still worse, the electric light wires were blown down, and the arc lights went out, leaving the town in total darkness. The attendance at the churches was very small.

The only place you can get Huyler's candy, "the best in the world," is at Rishton's.

The order of Heptasophs iniated several new members at a meeting Tuesday evening.

T. Clarence Harter no doubt will make a strong fight for the office of Register & Recorder next June. *

A number of Bloomsburgers are going to Wilkesbarre tonight to witness the presentation of "The Old Homestead," by the original Denman Thompson Company. Wilkesbarre is about as close as this popular play ever gets to Bloomsburg.

Bloomsburg Lodge, No. 436 B. P. O. of Elks, held its annual memorial services in the Opera House Sunday afternoon. Excellent addresses were delivered by Jas. C. Brown and Fred Ikeler Esq A quartet from the Methodist choir furnished the singing and Miss Grace V. Correll recited several selections. It was a very impressive ceremony.

The Bloomsburg Woolen Mill has received a large order that will keep them very busy for some time. J. M. Staver went to Philadelphia on Monday to buy material. This factory is one of the old standbys that has kept running most of the time all through the financial depression, and has given work to many employees. Good times for them is a great benefit to the town.

Christmas is approaching and as usual W. H. Gilmore's store is the center of attraction for the little folks. An exceptionally large stock of dolls, fire engines, hose carriages, patrols, railroad trains, horses and wagons, wheelbarrows, menageries, doll houses, furniture, carriages, pianos, stoves, banks, puzzles, games, Christmas-tree ornaments and many other articles to make the little ones happy.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Dec. 20, 1898:

Mrs. J. J. Burke, Mrs. George Duffy, Mr. Edward Dawson, B. Frank Emery, Benj. Nagle, Mr. Lloyd Remly, Mr. Arthur Trousbie.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say that they were advertised Dec. 8, 1898.

O. B. MELLICK, P. M.

A very enjoyabie performance was given at the Opera House last night when the Kane Opera Company presented Jacques Offenbach's comic opera, "The Grand Duchess", to a small but very appreciative audience. The costumes were very pretty, and the singing good, the lyric accomplishments of two of the company being far superior to any that we have heard here in a long time. Miss Grace Hazard in her specialties was heartily enjoyed as was also the violin solos of Maurice Poure. On the whole it was a very finished performance, and deserving of better support.

The award list of premiums of the Columbia County Agricultural Society is published with this issue. The delay has been caused by the lack of funds with which to pay premiums. It will be remembered that the weather was bad during several days of the Fair, and this materially reduced the receipts. But for other debts created by repairs to buildings damaged by wind, and other unusual expenses, there would have been enough money to pay all the bills of this year. As it is, the money had to be borrowed, and this has just been accomplished.

There never was a larger line of Sterling Silver shown in Bloomsburg than Rishton has.

The Lutheran people, of Buckhorn, surprised their pastor, Rev. P. B. Fasold and wife, very agreeably on the morning of Dec. 1st. They came with baskets filled with good things, and many other things to delight the hearts of the pastor's family, most especially among which was a very fine range for the parsonage kitchen. There were seventy-three present to partake of the bountiful dinner. They left many substantial tokens of their love and esteem for their pastor and his family.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Hotel, Restaurant, Wholesale, Distillers, and Bottlers License blanks for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. 10 cents each or 3 for 25 cents. tf

Archibald Fowler, of Foundryville, died at his home at that place, on Friday, after a short illness. A wife and five children, four daughters and one son survive. He was a carpenter by trade, employed by Jackson and Woodin of Berwick, and was sixty-two years old.

Thomas Mather, a well known resident of Greenwood township, and brother of Wm. Mather of this place, died at his home at an early hour Sunday morning, in the 70th year of his age. The remains were brought to this place yesterday and interred in the cemetery.—*Millville Tabiet.*

A quiet wedding took place in St. Paul's P. E. Church this morning, at eleven o'clock, the parties being Mr. John Wellington Sands and Miss Annie Paul, both of this town. They were attended by Miss Mertie Sands, sister of the bridegroom, and Mr. Harry Smith. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. N. Kirkby, in the presence of a few friends. Mr. and Mrs. Sands left at 11:30 on the P. & R. for Reading, to spend a few days.

WELSH SINGERS FROM WALES.

A rare treat was afforded lovers of good music by the concert given in the Normal Auditorium on Monday evening by the Welsh singers, under the management of the Boston Concert Company. The program embraced vocal solos, glees, duets, harp solos, and piano solos. The singers are from Wales, and have been touring in this country for the few months. They all have fine past voices which are evidently the gift of nature as well as the result of cultivation. There is no affectation about them, which is one of the pleasing features of the entertainment. Mr. Davies, the pianist, is a young man of much talent, and he plays with ease and grace. He is not a piano pounder, but plays with rare execution and excellent taste. On Tuesday morning it was the pleasure of a few who happened to be within easy reach, to hear him perform on the organ at St. Paul's church for an hour. Here his ability had full scope, and he brought forth volumes of harmony from the instrument. He is by odds the best organist who has yet played on this organ, and those who heard it were more than ever pleased with it. Mr. T. Phelps Jones, the manager of the Welsh Singers, is a gentlemen who it is a pleasure to meet, and we hope that he and his company may visit Bloomsburg again. The public is indebted to Dr. Welsh for securing them this time, and a show of appreciation by a larger attendance would have been more gratifying.

He Got What He Deserved.

Frank Oldfield of Plymouth was taken before Justice of the Peace Donahue, Tuesday night charged with wife beating. The Justice never has had any love for wife beaters, aud as a result Oldfield was unmercifully scored. Then he became very "sassy" whereupon Donahue took off his coat and administered a severe beating to the wife beater, knocking him down, and compelling him to plead for mercy. He promised never to do it again, and he was left go.

Literary Note.

The frontispiece of December "Book News" is a fine portrait on plate paper of Mrs. Florence Earle Coates, a close friend of Matthew Arnold and, like him, a student of pastoral Greek poetry. She is a Philadelphian and was unanimously chosen as poetress of the Peace Jubilee. "Book News" this month consists of eigty-four pages, just bubbling over with helpful news of the Christmas books and brightened with pictures from them. Its "Aims and Autographs of Authors" is particularly rich this month, including A. Conan Doyle's answer to "why I wrote 'Songs of Action.'" But the unique feature of the month is an extensive analytical list of books for Christmas giving, under the caption "A Guide to the Christmas Shopper." It tells of books particularly suited to little folks, to boys and girls who themselves enjoy reading, and to grown folks. "Book News" is 5c. a number, 50c a year—though how so much is given for so little is a constant puzzle. John Wanamaker, publisher, Philadelphia and New York.

Many People Cannot Drink

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep, You can drink Grain O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer to day. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c. 8d4t

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE, for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospital at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 10-27-16t

THE KIDNEY COMPLEXION.

The pale, sallow sunken cheeked, distressed looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion."

Their kidneys are turning to a parsnip color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervous exhaustion and sometimes the heart acts badly.

The cause is weak, unhealthy kidneys.

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the first symptoms are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney-poisoned blood, clear their complexion and soon they enjoy better health.

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp Root, by sending your address to DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y. for a sanple bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE COLUMBIAN.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25 and 50c. TRIAL SIZE FREE. At all druggists. 12-8d4t

MARRIED.

COLEMAN — HIDLAY. — On the 5th inst, at the Reformed parsonage, in Orangeville, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. W. W. Coleman to Miss Carrie Irene Hidlay, both of Centre township.

Christmas Candies.

Visit E. M. Savidge's Store before you select your Xmas Candies.

You will be surprised at his wonderfully low prices for such pure and fine grade of goods.

The 25c. Chocolates and Bon Bons are the peers of others' 40c. grades.

Lowney's celebrated Chocolates and Bon Bons, 50c. and 60c. a lb. No better made.

Mixtures, 10c. to 60c. a lb.

Can supply Sunday Schools with pure and fresh candies. Prices away below others.

E. M. Savidge,

17 EAST MAIN STREET.

W. H. Moore's.

—o—

School shoes

—FOR—

Sunshine or Storm.

—o—

School Shoes must be made specially strong to stand the hard service required of them. My School Shoes have been carefully selected to stand the hard service.

Cash buying gives me the best made and enables me to sell them at right prices. Don't fail to see them before buying.

—o—

COR. SECOND AND IRON STS.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

What for Christmas?

That old puzzling question is up again—What shall I buy for presents?

Read the answer in our windows. Good perfumery—always acceptable—appropriate—sensible. New and delicate odors made by **Rieger,** the California perfumer.

10, 25 and 50 ct. packages

AT J. H. MERCER'S.

THE BROADWAY

—o—

Our elegant line of Decorated China and Glassware offers great opportunities in the way of beautiful and inexpensive holiday presents. Fine China is always appreciated, and our line was never so extensive, or prices so low, as at the present time. This week we display a large, new line of popular items in Imported China, at the uniform price of 10c. each. Call to see them.

Sugar and Cream Sets, 10 to 50c. each.
Teapot, Sugar and Cream Sets, 25 to 75c. each.
Plates, 5, 10, 19, 25c. to $1.25 each.
Pitchers, 10c. to $1.00 each.
Salad bowls, 25c. to $1.75 each,
Cracker jars, 50c. to $1.25 each.
Chocolate pots, 50, 75, 98c. each.
Tooth-pick holders, 5, 10, 25c. each.
Match stands, 5, 10, 25c. each.
Pin trays, 10, 15, 25c. each.
Mustard pots, 10, 25, 35c. each.
Cups and Saucers, 5c. 10c., to $1.00 each.
After dinner coffees, 10 to 25c each.
Jumbo cups and saucers, 25c each.
Bohemian Glass Water Sets, $1.00 to $1.75 set.
Crystal Wine Sets, Decanter, Tray and six glasses, 50c. set.
Terra Cotta Umbrella Stands, $1.35 each.

Agency for Butterick Fashions.

December Styles now ready.

Respectfully Submitted to the Cash Trade Only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,

Mover's New Building, Main Street

BLOOMSBURG.

ISAAC LONG,
73 and 75 Public Square,
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

It's Stale Advice

Yet nevertheless timely and useful—"BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS GIFTS NOW" while you have time to think. Buying early and gradually allows time for careful selection—and appropriateness makes a gift doubly prized. Besides, it's so much easier on the purse to say nothing of the vexation that comes with hurried last-minute choosing. If you cannot come, write. Here is a hint or two that may help you.

Silverware.

Art touches the white metal and turns its brilliancy to a score of ordinary uses. A brush with a silver back; a whisk with a silver handle, or a buttoner with a silver grip.

Price helps on gifty things in sterling silver.

At 25 Cents

Sterling Glove and Shoe Buttoners, Nail Files, Blotter Pads, Knives, Paper Knives, Key Rings, and Shoe Horns.

At 50 Cents

Glove and Hose Darners, Match Holders, Shoe Hooks, Glove Buttoners, Ink Wells, with Sterling Tops, Needle Cases, Blotter Rollers, Nail Files, Letter Seals, Needle Emories, Thread Wax, Embroidery Scissors, Shoe Horns, Etc.

Handkerchiefs.

This is a stupendous part of our business. Grown great by reason of our "All Linen" policy. No matter what the price every handkerchief must be all linen to find entrance here. Order any of these by mail. If not suited, your money back:

At 12½c. each. All linen, pure white, Hemstitched Handkerchief, with hand work initial or fancy embroidered border inside hemstitching.
At 15c. each. Pure linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, with scalloped edges.
At 12½c., 19c., or 25c. each. Pure linen Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs with wide, medium or narrow hem.

ISAAC LONG,
73 and 75 Public Square,
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
Thursday, Dec. 8th, 1898.

Months ago we began preparations here for the gift giving season; to procure the new, the strange and useful was our aim; the result is that there's no store hereabouts that stands in a better position to satisfy your wants than this store of ours. Articles suitable for Holiday Gifts will meet your glance at every turn.

Our Big Toy Department on the Fourth Floor

Is filled with Toys, Dolls and hundreds of new things that are both entertaining and educational. There's no such toy store as ours in Pennsylvania.

BOOKS.

Ours is a big Book Store, and at this season you'll find it at its best. Handsomely bound books suitable for holiday gifts have been made a specialty. Books for children; books for the older ones; no matter what your wish may be in the book line, we are able to serve you with it, or get it for you.

Our complete catalogue of books is interesting book news for book buyers.

It's yours for the asking.

BIBLES.

Teacher's bibles with concordance texts and maps, bound in Morrocco, usual price would be $2, special here 98c.

Books bound in Moire silk, stamped in gold, the works of every prominent poet, very suitable for holiday gifts, at per copy 85c.

Two volume sets at 79c.

The Alger Series for boys at 59c.

Little Women Series, a delightful series for girls, at per copy 35c.

RUGS FOR CHRISTMAS.

ON THIRD FLOOR.

Every style, every size; these are specials, see them.

Fine Axminster Rugs, all new patterns, size 27x60, $1.95.

Size 39x72 $3.25.

SLIPPERS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Ladies' Princess Felt Slippers, in black, red and brown, special at $1.48.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jersey Leggins, in the best styles, upwards in price from 73c. to $1.48.

Men's Velvet Slippers, chenile embroidered, 69c. to 98c. a pair.

Down Comforts, handsomely covered with satine and filled with selected down, upwards in price from $3.98 to $7.48.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

The big store's Handkerchief Department offers you values that would be impossible elsewhere.

Ladies' pure linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs, all widths of hems, upwards in price from 5c. to 75c. each.

Ladies' and Gent's pure linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs, in all widths of hems, wonderful value at $2.75 per dozen, each 25c.

Ladies' Embroidered, Linen and Swiss Handkerchiefs upwards in price from 5c. to $2.00.

Men's Silk Handkerchiefs with initial, special values at each 25c.

UMBRELLAS.

An inspection will convince you that ours is the best stock to choose from, at 98c.

A special line of Glorias with Fancy Dresdens, Princess and sterling trimmed handles, hundreds of other handsome novelties at $1.98, and upwards to $8.00.

Gents' Umbrellas in Gloria silk with fancy handles, special at $1.00.

Other fine silk umbrellas with the new styles of handles, upwards to $8.00,

STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES.

Sterling silver mounted shoe buttoners and files at 10c.

Silver mounted files, envelope openers, button hooks, etc., at 25c.

Manicure pieces, hooks, curling irons and letter openers at 45c.

Silver mounted combs, roller blotters and shoe horns, at 59c.

Silver mounted whisp brooms, glove stretchers and manicure pieces at 69c., and hundreds of other useful as Well as ornamental pieces in silverware.

Jonas Long's Sons